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Extensions for Financial Services (XFS) interface specification Release 3.20 - Part 4: Identification Card Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference

This CEN Workshop Agreement has been drafted and approved by a Workshop of representatives of interested parties, the constitution of which is indicated in the foreword of this Workshop Agreement.

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Foreword

This CWA is revision 3.20 of the XFS interface specification.

This CEN Workshop Agreement has been drafted and approved by a Workshop of representatives of interested parties on 2011-06-29, the constitution of which was supported by CEN following the public call for participation made on 1998-06-24. The specification is continuously reviewed and commented in the CEN/ISSS Workshop on XFS. It is therefore expected that an update of the specification will be published in due time as a CWA, superseding this revision 3.20.

A list of the individuals and organizations which supported the technical consensus represented by the CEN Workshop Agreement is available to purchasers from the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre. These organizations were drawn from the banking sector. The CEN/ISSS XFS Workshop gathered suppliers as well as banks and other financial service companies.

The CWA is published as a multi-part document, consisting of:

- Part 1: Application Programming Interface (API) Service Provider Interface (SPI) Programmer's Reference
- Part 2: Service Classes Definition Programmer's Reference
- Part 3: Printer and Scanning Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 4: Identification Card Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 5: Cash Dispenser Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 6: PIN Keypad Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 7: Check Reader/Scanner Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 8: Depository Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 9: Text Terminal Unit Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 10: Sensors and Indicators Unit Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 11: Vendor Dependent Mode Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 12: Camera Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 13: Alarm Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 14: Card Embossing Unit Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 15: Cash-In Module Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 16: Card Dispenser Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 17: Barcode Reader Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 18: Item Processing Module Device Class Interface- Programmer's Reference
- Parts 19 28: Reserved for future use.
- Parts 29 through 47 constitute an optional addendum to this CWA. They define the integration between the SNMP standard and the set of status and statistical information exported by the Service Providers.
- Part 29: XFS MIB Architecture and SNMP Extensions
- Part 30: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Printer Device Class
- Part 31: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Identification Card Device Class
- Part 32: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Cash Dispenser Device Class
- Part 33: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions PIN Keypad Device Class
- Part 34: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Check Reader/Scanner Device Class
- Part 35: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Depository Device Class
- Part 36: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Text Terminal Unit Device Class
- Part 37: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Sensors and Indicators Unit Device Class
- Part 38: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Camera Device Class

- Part 39: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Alarm Device Class
- Part 40: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Card Embossing Unit Device Class
- Part 41: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Cash-In Module Device Class
- Part 42: Reserved for future use.
- Part 43: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Vendor Dependent Mode Class
- Part 44: XFS MIB Application Management
- Part 45: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Card Dispenser Device Class
- Part 46: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Barcode Reader Device Class
- Part 47: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Item Processing Module Device Class
- Parts 48 60 are reserved for future use.
- Part 61: Application Programming Interface (API) Service Provider Interface (SPI) Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 62: Printer and Scanning Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.10 (CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 63: Identification Card Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 64: Cash Dispenser Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 65: PIN Keypad Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 66: Check Reader/Scanner Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 67: Depository Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 68: Text Terminal Unit Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 69: Sensors and Indicators Unit Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 70: Vendor Dependent Mode Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 71: Camera Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 72: Alarm Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 73: Card Embossing Unit Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.10 (CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 74: Cash-In Module Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 75: Card Dispenser Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 76: Barcode Reader Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 77: Item Processing Module Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- In addition to these Programmer's Reference specifications, the reader of this CWA is also referred to a complementary document, called Release Notes. The Release Notes contain clarifications and explanations on the CWA specifications, which are not requiring functional changes. The current version of the Release Notes is available online from http://www.cen.eu/cen/pages/default.aspx.

The information in this document represents the Workshop's current views on the issues discussed as of the date of publication. It is furnished for informational purposes only and is subject to change without notice. CEN/ISSS makes no warranty, express or implied, with respect to this document.

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The final review/endorsement round for this CWA was started on 2011-06-23 and was successfully closed on 2011-07-23. The final text of this CWA was submitted to CEN for publication on 2011-08-26.

This CEN Workshop Agreement is publicly available as a reference document from the National Members of CEN: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

Comments or suggestions from the users of the CEN Workshop Agreement are welcome and should be addressed to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre.

Revision History:

3.00	October 18, 2000	Initial release.
3.02	May 21, 2003	For a description of changes from version 3.00 to version 3.02 see the IDC 3.02 Migration document.
3.10	November 29, 2007	For a description of changes from version 3.00 to version 3.10 see the IDC 3.10 Migration document.
3.20	March 2nd, 2011	For a description of changes from version 3.10 to version 3.20 see the IDC 3.20 Migration document.

1. Introduction

1.1 Background to Release 3.20

The CEN/ISSS XFS Workshop aims to promote a clear and unambiguous specification defining a multi-vendor software interface to financial peripheral devices. The XFS (eXtensions for Financial Services) specifications are developed within the CEN/ISSS (European Committee for Standardization/Information Society Standardization System) Workshop environment. CEN/ISSS Workshops aim to arrive at a European consensus on an issue that can be published as a CEN Workshop Agreement (CWA).

The CEN/ISSS XFS Workshop encourages the participation of both banks and vendors in the deliberations required to create an industry standard. The CEN/ISSS XFS Workshop achieves its goals by focused sub-groups working electronically and meeting quarterly.

Release 3.20 of the XFS specification is based on a C API and is delivered with the continued promise for the protection of technical investment for existing applications. This release of the specification extends the functionality and capabilities of the existing devices covered by the specification, but does not include any new device classes. Notable major enhancements include Mixed Media processing to allow mixed cash and check accepting, as well as the addition of new commands to the CIM, PTR and IDC to allow better support of the Japanese marketplace.

1.2 XFS Service-Specific Programming

The service classes are defined by their service-specific commands and the associated data structures, error codes, messages, etc. These commands are used to request functions that are specific to one or more classes of Service Providers, but not all of them, and therefore are not included in the common API for basic or administration functions.

When a service-specific command is common among two or more classes of Service Providers, the syntax of the command is as similar as possible across all services, since a major objective of XFS is to standardize function codes and structures for the broadest variety of services. For example, using the **WFSExecute** function, the commands to read data from various services are as similar as possible to each other in their syntax and data structures.

In general, the specific command set for a service class is defined as a superset of the specific capabilities likely to be provided by the developers of the services of that class; thus any particular device will normally support only a subset of the defined command set.

There are three cases in which a Service Provider may receive a service-specific command that it does not support:

The requested capability is defined for the class of Service Providers by the XFS specification, the particular vendor implementation of that service does not support it, and the unsupported capability is *not* considered to be fundamental to the service. In this case, the Service Provider returns a successful completion, but does no operation. An example would be a request from an application to turn on a control indicator on a passbook printer; the Service Provider recognizes the command, but since the passbook printer it is managing does not include that indicator, the Service Provider does no operation and returns a successful completion to the application.

The requested capability is defined for the class of Service Providers by the XFS specification, the particular vendor implementation of that service does not support it, and the unsupported capability *is* considered to be fundamental to the service. In this case, a WFS_ERR_UNSUPP_COMMAND error is returned to the calling application. An example would be a request from an application to a cash dispenser to dispense coins; the Service Provider recognizes the command but, since the cash dispenser it is managing dispenses only notes, returns this error.

The requested capability is *not* defined for the class of Service Providers by the XFS specification. In this case, a WFS ERR INVALID COMMAND error is returned to the calling application.

This design allows implementation of applications that can be used with a range of services that provide differing subsets of the functionalities that are defined for their service class. Applications may use the **WFSGetInfo** and **WFSAsyncGetInfo** commands to inquire about the capabilities of the service they are about to use, and modify their behavior accordingly, or they may use functions and then deal with WFS_ERR_UNSUPP_COMMAND error returns to make decisions as to how to use the service.

2. Identification Card Readers and Writers

This section describes the functions provided by a generic identification card reader/writer service (IDC). These descriptions include definitions of the service-specific commands that can be issued, using the WFSAsyncExecute, WFSExecute, WFSGetInfo and WFSAsyncGetInfo functions.

This service allows for the operation of the following categories of units:

- motor driven card reader/writer
- pull through card reader (writing facilities only partially included)
- dip reader
- contactless chip card readers
- permanent chip card readers (each chip is accessed through a unique logical service)

Some motor driven card reader/writers have parking stations inside and can place identification cards there. Once a card is in its parking station another card can be accepted by the card reader. Cards may only be moved out of a parking station if there is no other card present in the media read/write position, the chip I/O position, the transport, or the entry/exit slot.

The following tracks/chips and the corresponding international standards are taken into account in this document:

•	Track 1	ISO 7811
•	Track 2	ISO 7811
•	Track 3	ISO 7811 / ISO 4909
•	Cash Transfer Card Track 1	(JIS I: 8 bits/char) Japan
•	Cash Transfer Card Track 3	(JIS I: 8 bits/char) Japan
•	Front Track 1	(JIS II) Japan
•	Watermark	Sweden
•	Chip (contacted)	ISO 7816
•	Chip (contactless)	ISO 10536, ISO 14443 and ISO 18092

National standards like Transac for France are not considered, but can be easily included via the forms mechanism (see Section 7, Form Definition).

In addition to the pure reading of the tracks mentioned above, security boxes can be used via this service to check the data of writable tracks for manipulation. These boxes (such as CIM or MM) are sensor-equipped devices that are able to check some other information on the card and compare it with the track data.

Persistent values are maintained through power failures, open sessions, close session and system resets.

When the service controls a permanently connected chip card, WFS_ERR_UNSUPP_COMMAND will be returned to all commands except WFS_INF_IDC_STATUS, WFS_INF_IDC_CAPABILITIES, WFS_CMD_IDC_CHIP_POWER, WFS_CMD_IDC_CHIP_IO and WFS_CMD_IDC_RESET.

The following defines the roles and responsibilities of an application within EMV:

- EMV Level 2 interaction is handled above the XFS API
- EMV Level 1 interaction is handled below the XFS API

All EMV status information that is defined as a Level 1 responsibility in the EMV specification should be handled below the XFS API.

3. References

1. XFS Application Programming Interface (API)/Service Provider Interface (SPI), Programmer's Reference Revision 3.20.

4. Info Commands

WFS INF IDC STATUS

Description

This command reports the full range of information available, including the information that is provided either by the Service Provider or, if present, by any of the security modules. In addition to that, the number of cards retained is transmitted for motor driven card reader/writer (for devices of the other categories this number is always set to zero).

Input Param

None.

Output Param LPWFSIDCSTATUS lpStatus;

```
typedef struct _wfs_idc_status
     WORD
                           fwDevice;
     WORD
                           fwMedia;
     WORD
                           fwRetainBin;
     WORD
                           fwSecurity;
     USHORT
                           usCards;
     WORD
                           fwChipPower;
     LPSTR
                           lpszExtra;
     DWORD
                           dwGuidLights[WFS_IDC_GUIDLIGHTS_SIZE];
     WORD
                           fwChipModule;
     WORD
                           fwMagReadModule;
     WORD
                           fwMagWriteModule;
     WORD
                           fwFrontImageModule;
     WORD
                           fwBackImageModule;
     WORD
                           wDevicePosition;
                           usPowerSaveRecoveryTime;
     USHORT
     LPWORD
                           lpwParkingStationMedia;
     WORD
                           wAntiFraudModule;
     } WFSIDCSTATUS, *LPWFSIDCSTATUS;
```

fwDevice

Specifies the state of the ID card device as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_DEVONLINE	The device is present, powered on and online
	(i.e. operational, not busy processing a
	request and not in an error state).
WFS_IDC_DEVOFFLINE	The device is offline (e.g. the operator has
	taken the device offline by turning a switch
	or pulling out the device).
WFS_IDC_DEVPOWEROFF	The device is powered off or physically not connected.
WFS_IDC_DEVNODEVICE	There is no device intended to be there; e.g.
	this type of self service machine does not
	contain such a device or it is internally not configured.
WFS_IDC_DEVHWERROR	The device is present but inoperable due to a
	hardware fault that prevents it from being used.
WFS_IDC_DEVUSERERROR	The device is present but a person is
	preventing proper device operation. The
	application should suspend the device
	operation or remove the device from service
	until the Service Provider generates a device
	state change event indicating the condition
	of the device has changed e.g. the error is
	removed (WFS_IDC_DEVONLINE) or a
	permanent error condition has occurred
	(WFS_IDC_DEVHWERROR).
WFS_IDC_DEVBUSY	The device is busy and unable to process an
	Execute command at this time.

WFS_IDC_DEVFRAUDATTEMPT	The device is present but is inoperable
	because it has detected a fraud attempt.
WFS_IDC_DEVPOTENTIALFRAUD	The device has detected a potential fraud
	attempt and is capable of remaining in
	service. In this case the application should
	make the decision as to whether to take the
	device offline.

fwMedia

Specifies the state of the ID card unit as one of the following values. This status is independent of any media in the parking stations.

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_MEDIAPRESENT	Media is present in the device, not in the
	entering position and not jammed. A card in
	a parking station is not considered to be
	present. On the latched dip device, this
	indicates that the card is present in the
	device and the card is unlatched.
WFS_IDC_MEDIANOTPRESENT	Media is not present in the device and not at
	the entering position.
WFS_IDC_MEDIAJAMMED	Media is jammed in the device; operator
	intervention is required.
WFS_IDC_MEDIANOTSUPP	Capability to report media position is not
	supported by the device (e.g. a typical swipe
	reader or contactless chip card reader).
WFS_IDC_MEDIAUNKNOWN	The media state cannot be determined with
	the device in its current state (e.g. the value
	of fwDevice is
	WFS_IDC_DEVNODEVICE,
	WFS_IDC_DEVPOWEROFF,
	WFS_IDC_DEVOFFLINE, or
	WFS_IDC_DEVHWERROR).
WFS_IDC_MEDIAENTERING	Media is at the entry/exit slot of a motorized
	device.
WFS_IDC_MEDIALATCHED	Media is present & latched in a latched dip
	card unit. This means the card can be used
	for chip card dialog.

fwRetainBin

Specifies the state of the ID card unit retain bin as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_RETAINBINOK	The retain bin of the ID card unit is in a good
.WFS_IDC_RETAINNOTSUPP	state. The ID card unit does not support retain capability.
WFS_IDC_RETAINBINFULL	The retain bin of the ID card unit is full.
WFS_IDC_RETAINBINHIGH	The retain bin of the ID card unit is nearly full.
WFS_IDC_RETAINBINMISSING	The retain bin of the ID card unit is missing.

fwSecurity

Specifies the state of the security unit as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_SECNOTSUPP	No security module is available.
WFS_IDC_SECNOTREADY	The security module is not ready to process cards or is inoperable.
WFS_IDC_SECOPEN	The security module is open and ready to process cards.

usCards

The number of cards retained; applicable only to motor driven ID card units for non-motorized card units this value is zero. This value is persistent it is reset to zero by the WFS CMD IDC RESET COUNT command.

fwChipPower

Specifies the state of the chip controlled by this service. Depending on the value of *fwType* within the WFS_INF_IDC_CAPABILITIES structure, this can either be the chip on the currently inserted user card or the chip on a permanently connected chip card. The state of the chip is one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_CHIPONLINE	The chip is present, powered on and online
	(i.e. operational, not busy processing a
	request and not in an error state).
WFS_IDC_CHIPPOWEREDOFF	The chip is present, but powered off (i.e. not contacted).
WFS_IDC_CHIPBUSY	The chip is present, powered on, and busy
	(unable to process an Execute command at this time).
WFS_IDC_CHIPNODEVICE	A card is currently present in the device, but
	has no chip.
WFS_IDC_CHIPHWERROR	The chip is present, but inoperable due to a
	hardware error that prevents it from being
	used (e.g. MUTE, if there is an unresponsive
	card in the reader).
WFS_IDC_CHIPNOCARD	There is no card in the device.
WFS_IDC_CHIPNOTSUPP	Capability to report the state of the chip is
	not supported by the ID card unit device.
	This value is returned for contactless chip
	card readers.
WFS_IDC_CHIPUNKNOWN	The state of the chip cannot be determined
	with the device in its current state.

lpszExtra

Pointer to a list of vendor-specific, or any other extended, information. The information is returned as a series of "key=value" strings so that it is easily extensible by Service Providers. Each string is null-terminated, with the final string terminating with two null characters. An empty list may be indicated by either a NULL pointer or a pointer to two consecutive null characters.

dwGuidLights [...]

Specifies the state of the guidance light indicators. A number of guidance light types are defined below. Vendor specific guidance lights are defined starting from the end of the array. The maximum guidance light index is WFS IDC GUIDLIGHTS MAX.

Specifies the state of the guidance light indicator as

WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE, WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_OFF or a combination of the following flags consisting of one type B, and optionally one type C.

Value	Meaning	Type
WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE	The status is not available.	A
WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_OFF	The light is turned off.	A
WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_SLOW_FLASH	The light is blinking slowly.	В
WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_MEDIUM_FLASH	The light is blinking medium	В
	frequency.	
WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_QUICK_FLASH	The light is blinking quickly.	В
WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_CONTINUOUS	The light is turned on	В
	continuous (steady).	
WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_RED	The light is red.	C
WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_GREEN	The light is green.	C
WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_YELLOW	The light is yellow.	C
WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_BLUE	The light is blue.	C
WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_CYAN	The light is cyan.	C
WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_MAGENTA	The light is magenta.	C

WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_WHITE

The light is white.

C

dwGuidLights [WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_CARDUNIT]

Specifies the state of the guidance light indicator on the card unit.

fwChipModule

Specifies the state of the chip card module reader as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_CHIPMODOK	The chip card module is in a good state.
WFS_IDC_CHIPMODINOP	The chip card module is inoperable.
WFS_IDC_CHIPMODUNKNOWN	The state of the chip card module cannot be
	determined.
WFS_IDC_CHIPMODNOTSUPP	Reporting the chip card module status is not
	supported.

fwMagReadModule

Specifies the state of the magnetic card reader as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_MAGMODOK	The magnetic card reading module is in a
	good state.
WFS_IDC_MAGMODINOP	The magnetic card reading module is
	inoperable.
WFS_IDC_MAGMODUNKNOWN	The state of the magnetic reading module
	cannot be determined.
WFS_IDC_MAGMODNOTSUPP	Reporting the magnetic reading module
	status is not supported.

fwMagWriteModule

Specifies the state of the magnetic card writer as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_MAGMODOK	The magnetic card writing module is in a
	good state.
WFS_IDC_MAGMODINOP	The magnetic card writing module is
	inoperable.
WFS_IDC_MAGMODUNKNOWN	The state of the magnetic card writing
	module cannot be determined.
WFS_IDC_MAGMODNOTSUPP	Reporting the magnetic writing module
	status is not supported.

fwFrontImageModule

Specifies the state of the front image reader as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_IMGMODOK	The front image reading module is in a good
	state.
WFS_IDC_IMGMODINOP	The front image reading module is
	inoperable.
WFS_IDC_IMGMODUNKNOWN	The state of the front image reading module
	cannot be determined.
WFS_IDC_IMGMODNOTSUPP	Reporting the front image reading module
	status is not supported.

fwBackImageModule

Specifies the state of the back image reader as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_IMGMODOK	The back image reading module is in a good
	state.
WFS_IDC_IMGMODINOP	The back image reading module is
	inoperable.
WFS_IDC_IMGMODUNKNOWN	The state of the back image reading module
	cannot be determined.
WFS_IDC_IMGMODNOTSUPP	Reporting the back image reading module
	status is not supported.

wDevicePosition

Specifies the device position. The device position value is independent of the *fwDevice* value, e.g. when the device position is reported as WFS_IDC_DEVICENOTINPOSITION, *fwDevice* can have any of the values defined above (including WFS_IDC_DEVONLINE or WFS_IDC_DEVOFFLINE). If the device is not in its normal operating position (i.e. WFS_IDC_DEVICEINPOSITION) then media may not be presented through the normal customer interface. This value is one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_DEVICEINPOSITION	The device is in its normal operating
	position, or is fixed in place and cannot be
	moved.
WFS_IDC_DEVICENOTINPOSITION	The device has been removed from its
	normal operating position.
WFS_IDC_DEVICEPOSUNKNOWN	Due to a hardware error or other condition,
	the position of the device cannot be
	determined.
WFS_IDC_DEVICEPOSNOTSUPP	The physical device does not have the
	capability of detecting the position.

usPowerSaveRecoveryTime

Specifies the actual number of seconds required by the device to resume its normal operational state from the current power saving mode. This value is zero if either the power saving mode has not been activated or no power save control is supported.

lpwParkingStationMedia

Pointer to a zero terminated array of WORDs which contains the states of the parking stations. The *lpwParkingStationMedia* is NULL if no parking station is supported. The value is specified as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_MEDIAPRESENT	Media is present in the parking station, and not jammed.
WFS_IDC_MEDIANOTPRESENT	Media is not present in the parking station.
WFS_IDC_MEDIAJAMMED	The parking station is jammed; operator intervention is required.
WFS_IDC_MEDIANOTSUPP	Reporting the media status in a parking station is not supported by the device.
WFS_IDC_MEDIAUNKNOWN	The media state cannot be determined.

wAntiFraudModule

Specifies the state of the anti-fraud module as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_AFMNOTSUPP	No anti-fraud module is available.
WFS_IDC_AFMOK	Anti-fraud module is in a good state and no
	foreign device is detected.
WFS_IDC_AFMINOP	Anti-fraud module is inoperable.
WFS_IDC_AFMDEVICEDETECTED	Anti-fraud module detected the presence of a
	foreign device.
WFS_IDC_AFMUNKNOWN	The state of the anti-fraud module cannot be
	determined.

Error Codes

Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments

Applications which require or expect specific information to be present in the *lpszExtra* parameter may not be device or vendor-independent.

The fwDevice field can indicate that the device is still available (i.e. WFS_IDC_DEVONLINE) even if one of the detailed device status fields (fwSecurity, fwChipModule, fwMagReadModule, fwMagWriteModule or wAntiFraudModule) indicates that there is a problem with one or more modules. In this case, only the functionality provided by modules that do not have a fault should be used.

In the case where communications with the device has been lost, the *fwDevice* field will report WFS_IDC_DEVPOWEROFF when the device has been removed or

WFS_IDC_DEVHWERROR if the communications are unexpectedly lost. All other fields should contain a value based on the following rules and priority:

- 1. Report the value as unknown.
- 2. Report the value as a general h/w error.
- 3. Report the value as the last known value.

4.2 WFS_INF_IDC_CAPABILITIES

Description This command is used to retrieve the capabilities of the ID card unit.

Input Param None.

Output Param LPWFSIDCCAPS lpCaps;

```
typedef struct _wfs_idc_caps
     WORD
                           wClass;
     WORD
                           fwType;
                           bCompound;
     BOOL
     WORD
                           fwReadTracks;
     WORD
                           fwWriteTracks;
                           fwChipProtocols;
     WORD
     USHORT
                           usCards;
     WORD
                           fwSecType;
     WORD
                           fwPowerOnOption;
     WORD
                           fwPowerOffOption;
     BOOL
                           bFluxSensorProgrammable;
                           bReadWriteAccessFollowingEject;
     BOOL
     WORD
                           fwWriteMode;
                           fwChipPower;
     WORD
                           lpszExtra;
     LPSTR
     WORD
                           fwDIPMode;
                           lpwMemoryChipProtocols;
     LPWORD
     DWORD
                           dwGuidLights[WFS_IDC_GUIDLIGHTS_SIZE];
     WORD
                           fwEjectPosition;
     BOOL
                           bPowerSaveControl;
     USHORT
                           usParkingStations;
     BOOT.
                           bAntiFraudModule;
     } WFSIDCCAPS, *LPWFSIDCCAPS;
```

wClass

Specifies the logical service class as WFS_SERVICE_CLASS_IDC.

fwTvpe

Specifies the type of the ID card unit as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_TYPEMOTOR	The ID card unit is a motor driven card unit.
WFS_IDC_TYPESWIPE	The ID card unit is a swipe (pull-through)
	card unit.
WFS_IDC_TYPEDIP	The ID card unit is a dip card unit. This dip
	type is not capable of latching cards entered.
WFS_IDC_TYPECONTACTLESS	The ID card unit is a contactless card unit,
	i.e. no insertion of the card is required.
WFS_IDC_TYPELATCHEDDIP	The ID card unit is a latched dip card unit.
	This device type is used when a dip IDC
	device supports chip communication. The
	latch ensures the consumer cannot remove
	the card during chip communication. Any
	card entered will automatically latch when a
	request to initiate a chip dialog is made (via
	the WFS_CMD_IDC_READ_RAW_DATA
	command). The
	WFS_CMD_IDC_EJECT_CARD command
	is used to unlatch the card.
WFS_IDC_TYPEPERMANENT	The ID card unit is dedicated to a
	permanently housed chip card (no user
	interaction is available with this type of
	card).

bCompound

Specifies whether the logical device is part of a compound physical device.

fwReadTracks

Specifies the tracks that can be read by the ID card unit as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_NOTSUPP	The ID card unit can not access any track.
WFS_IDC_TRACK1	The ID card unit can access track 1.
WFS_IDC_TRACK2	The ID card unit can access track 2.
WFS_IDC_TRACK3	The ID card unit can access track 3.
WFS_IDC_TRACK_WM	The ID card unit can access the Swedish
	Watermark track.
WFS_IDC_FRONT_TRACK_1	The ID card unit can access the front track 1.
	In some countries this track is known as JIS
	II track.
WFS_IDC_FRONTIMAGE	The ID card unit can read the front image of
	a card.
WFS_IDC_BACKIMAGE	The ID card unit can read the back image of
	a card.
WFS_IDC_TRACK1_JIS1	The ID card unit can access JIS I track 1.
WFS_IDC_TRACK3_JIS1	The ID card unit can access JIS I track 3.
WFS_IDC_DDI	The ID card unit can provide dynamic digital
	identification of the magnetic strip.

fwWriteTracks

Specifies the tracks that can be written by the ID card unit (as a combination of the flags specified in the description of *fwReadTracks* except WFS_IDC_TRACK_WM,

WFS_IDC_FRONTIMAGE, WFS_IDC_BACKIMAGE and WFS_IDC_DDI).

fwChipProtocols

Specifies the chip card protocols that are supported by the Service Provider as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_NOTSUPP	The ID card unit can not handle chip cards.
WFS_IDC_CHIPT0	The ID card unit can handle the T=0
	protocol.
WFS_IDC_CHIPT1	The ID card unit can handle the T=1
	protocol.
WFS_IDC_CHIP_PROTOCOL_NOT_REQUI	RED
	The ID card unit is capable of
	communicating with a chip card without
	requiring the application to specify any
	protocol.
WFS_IDC_CHIPTYPEA_PART3	The ID card unit can handle the ISO 14443
	(Part3) Type A contactless chip card
	protocol.
WFS_IDC_CHIPTYPEA_PART4	The ID card unit can handle the ISO 14443
	(Part4) Type A contactless chip card
	protocol.
WFS_IDC_CHIPTYPEB	The ID card unit can handle the ISO 14443
	Type B contactless chip card protocol.
WFS_IDC_CHIPNFC	The ID card unit can handle the ISO 18092
	(106/212/424kbps) contactless chip card
	protocol.

usCards

Specifies the maximum numbers of cards that the retain bin can hold (zero if not available).

fwSecType

Specifies the type of security module used as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_SECNOTSUPP	Device has no security module.
WFS_IDC_SECMMBOX	Security module of device is MMBox.
WFS_IDC_SECCIM86	Security module of device is CIM86.

fwPowerOnOption

Specifies the power-on capabilities of the device hardware as one of the following values (applicable only to motor driven ID card units):

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_NOACTION	No power on actions are supported by the device.
WFS_IDC_EJECT	The card will be ejected on power-on (or off, see <i>fwPowerOffOption</i> below).
WFS_IDC_RETAIN	The card will be retained on power-on (off).
WFS_IDC_EJECTTHENRETAIN	The card will be ejected for a specified time on power-on (off), then retained if not taken. The time for which the card is ejected is
WFS_IDC_READPOSITION	vendor dependent. The card will be moved into the read position on power-on (off).

fwPowerOffOption

Specifies the power-off capabilities of the device hardware, as one of the flags specified for *fwPowerOnOption*; applicable only to motor driven ID card units.

bFluxSensorProgrammable

Specifies whether the Flux Sensor on the card unit is programmable, this can either be TRUE or FALSE.

bReadWriteAccessFollowingEject

Specifies whether a card may be read or written after having been pushed to the exit slot with an eject command. The card will be retracted back into the IDC.

fwWriteMode

A combination of the following flags specify the write capabilities, with respect to whether the device can write low coercivity (loco) and/or high coercivity (hico) magnetic stripes:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_NOTSUPP	Does not support writing of magnetic stripes.
WFS_IDC_LOCO	Supports writing of loco magnetic stripes.
WFS_IDC_HICO	Supports writing of hico magnetic stripes.
WFS_IDC_AUTO	Service Provider is capable of automatically
	determining whether loco or hico magnetic
	stripes should be written.

fwChipPower

Specifies the capabilities of the ID card unit (in relation to the user or permanent chip controlled by the service), for chip power management as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_NOTSUPP	The ID card unit can not handle chip power
	management.
WFS_IDC_CHIPPOWERCOLD	The ID card unit can power on the chip and
	reset it (Cold Reset).
WFS_IDC_CHIPPOWERWARM	The ID card unit can reset the chip (Warm
	Reset).
WFS_IDC_CHIPPOWEROFF	The ID card unit can power off the chip.

lpszExtra

Pointer to a list of vendor-specific, or any other extended, information. The information is returned as a series of "key=value" strings so that it is easily extensible by Service Providers. Each string is null-terminated, with the final string terminating with two null characters. An empty list may be indicated by either a NULL pointer or a pointer to two consecutive null characters.

fwDIPMode

Specifies whether data track data is read on entry or exit from the dip card unit as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_NOTSUPP	The ID card unit is not a dip type.

WFS_IDC_DIP_EXIT	The dip ID card unit reads card track data on
	exit only.
WFS_IDC_DIP_ENTRY	The dip ID card unit reads card track data on
	entry only.
WFS_IDC_DIP_ENTRY_EXIT	The dip ID card unit reads card track data
	both on entry and exit.
WFS_IDC_DIP_UNKNOWN	Unknown whether track data is read on entry
	or exit.

lpwMemoryChipProtocols

Pointer to a zero terminated array that specifies the memory card protocols that are supported by the Service Provider as an array of constants. If this parameter is NULL then the Service Provider does not support any memory card protocols. Valid Memory Card Identifiers are:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_MEM_SIEMENS4442	The device supports the Siemens 4442 Card
	Protocol (also supported by the Gemplus
	GPM2K card).
WFS_IDC_MEM_GPM896	The device supports the Gemplus GPM 896
	Card Protocol.

dwGuidLights [...]

Specifies which guidance lights are available. A number of guidance light types are defined below. Vendor specific guidance lights are defined starting from the end of the array. The maximum guidance light index is WFS_IDC_GUIDLIGHTS_MAX.

The elements of this array are specified as a combination of the following flags and indicate all of the possible flash rates (type B) and colors (type C) that the guidance light indicator is capable of handling. If the guidance light indicator only supports one color then no value of type C is returned. A value of WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE indicates that the device has no guidance light indicator or the device controls the light directly with no application control possible.

Value	Meaning	Type
WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE	There is no guidance light control	A
	available at this position.	
WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_OFF	The light can be off.	В
WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_SLOW_FLASH	The light can blink slowly.	В
WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_MEDIUM_FLASH	The light can blink medium	В
	frequency.	
WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_QUICK_FLASH	The light can blink quickly.	В
WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_CONTINUOUS	The light can be	В
	continuous (steady).	
WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_RED	The light can be red.	C
WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_GREEN	The light can be green.	C
WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_YELLOW	The light can be yellow.	C
WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_BLUE	The light can be blue.	C
WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_CYAN	The light can be cyan.	C
WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_MAGENTA	The light can be magenta.	C
WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_WHITE	The light can be white.	C

dwGuidLights [WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_CARDUNIT]

Specifies whether the guidance light indicator on the card unit is available.

fwEjectPosition

Specifies the target position that is supported for the eject operation, as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_EXITPOSITION	The device can eject a card to the exit
	position, from which the user can remove it.
WFS_IDC_TRANSPORTPOSITION	The device can eject a card to the transport
	just behind the exit position, from which the
	user can not remove it. The device which
	supports this flag must also support the
	WFS_IDC_EXITPOSITION flag.

bPowerSaveControl

Specifies whether power saving control is available. This can either be TRUE if available or FALSE if not available.

usParkingStations

Specifies the number of supported parking stations. If a zero value is specified there is no parking station supported.

bAntiFraudModule

Specifies whether the anti-fraud module is available. This can either be TRUE if available or FALSE if not available.

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments Applications which require or expect specific information to be present in the *lpszExtra* parameter may not be device or vendor-independent.

4.3 WFS_INF_IDC_FORM_LIST

Description This command is used to retrieve the list of forms available on the device.

Input Param None.

Output Param LPSTR lpszFormList;

lpszFormList

Pointer to a list of null-terminated form names, with the final name terminating with two null

characters.

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments None.

4.4 WFS_INF_IDC_QUERY_FORM

Description This command is used to retrieve details of the definition of a specified form.

Input Param LPSTR lpszFormName;

lpszFormName

Points to the null-terminated form name on which to retrieve details.

Output Param LPWFSIDCFORM lpForm;

```
typedef struct _wfs_idc_form
     LPSTR
                           lpszFormName;
     char
                           cFieldSeparatorTrack1;
     char
                           cFieldSeparatorTrack2;
                           cFieldSeparatorTrack3;
     char
     WORD
                           fwAction;
     LPSTR
                           lpszTracks;
     BOOL
                           bSecure;
                           lpszTrack1Fields;
     LPSTR
     LPSTR
                           lpszTrack2Fields;
                           lpszTrack3Fields;
     LPSTR
     LPSTR
                           lpszFrontTrack1Fields;
                           cFieldSeparatorFrontTrack1;
     char
     LPSTR
                           lpszJIS1Track1Fields;
     LPSTR
                           lpszJIS1Track3Fields;
     CHAR
                           cFieldSeparatorJIS1Track1;
                           cFieldSeparatorJIS1Track3;
     } WFSIDCFORM, *LPWFSIDCFORM;
```

lpszFormName

Specifies the null-terminated name of the form.

cFieldSeparatorTrack1

Specifies the value of the field separator of Track 1.

cFieldSeparatorTrack2

Specifies the value of the field separator of Track 2.

c Field Separator Track 3

Specifies the value of the field separator of Track 3.

fwAction

Specifies the form action; can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_ACTIONREAD	The form reads the card.
WFS IDC ACTIONWRITE	The form writes the card.

lpszTracks

Specifies the read algorithm or the track to write.

bSecure

Specifies whether or not to do a security check.

lpszTrack1Fields

Pointer to a list of null-terminated field names of Track 1, with the final name terminating with two null characters.

lpszTrack2Fields

Pointer to a list of null-terminated field names of Track 2, with the final name terminating with two null characters.

lpszTrack3Fields

Pointer to a list of null-terminated field names of Track 3, with the final name terminating with two null characters.

lpszFrontTrack1Fields

Pointer to a list of null-terminated field names of Front Track 1, with the final name terminating with two null characters.

cFieldSeparatorFrontTrack1

Specifies the value of the field separator of Front Track 1.

lpszJIS1Track1Fields

Pointer to a list of null-terminated field names of JIS I Track 1, with the final name terminating with two null characters.

lpszJIS1Track3Fields

Pointer to a list of null-terminated field names of JIS I Track 3, with the final name terminating with two null characters.

cFieldSeparator JIS1Track1

Specifies the value of the field separator of JIS I Track 1.

cFieldSeparatorJIS1Track3

Specifies the value of the field separator of JIS I Track 3.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be

generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_IDC_FORMNOTFOUND	The specified form cannot be found.
WFS_ERR_IDC_FORMINVALID	The specified form is invalid.

Comments None.

WFS_INF_IDC_QUERY_IFM_IDENTIFIER

Description

This command is used to retrieve the complete list of registration authority Interface Module (IFM) identifiers. The primary registration authority is EMVCo but other organizations are also supported for historical or local country requirements.

New registration authorities may be added in the future so applications should be able to handle the return of new (as yet undefined) IFM identifiers.

Input Param

None.

Output Param LPWFSIDCIFMIDENTIFIER *lppIFMIdentifier;

Pointer to a NULL terminated array of pointers to data structures. There is one array element for each IFM identifier supported by the Service Provider (in no particular order). If there is no IFM identifier available for one of the defined IFM authorities then no element is returned in the array for that authority. If there are no IFM identifiers for the device then the output parameter lppIFMIdentifier will be NULL.

```
typedef struct _wfs_idc_ifm_identifier
     WORD
                          wIFMAuthority;
     LPSTR
                          lpszIFMIdentifier;
     } WFSIDCIFMIDENTIFIER, *LPWFSIDCIFMIDENTIFIER;
```

wIFMAuthority

Specifies the IFM authority that issued the IFM identifier:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_IFMEMV	The Level 1 Type Approval IFM identifier
	assigned by EMVCo.
WFS_IDC_IFMEUROPAY	The Level 1 Type Approval IFM identifier
	assigned by Europay.
WFS_IDC_IFMVISA	The Level 1 Type Approval IFM identifier
	assigned by VISA.
WFS_IDC_IFMGIECB	The IFM identifier assigned by GIE Cartes
	Bancaires.

lpszIFMIdentifier

Returns an ASCII string containing the IFM Identifier of the chip card reader (or IFM) as assigned by the specified authority.

Error Codes

Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments

If this command is not supported then this does not necessarily mean that the device is not certified by one or more certification authorities.

5. Execute Commands

5.1 WFS CMD IDC READ TRACK

Description

For motor driven card readers, the ID card unit checks whether a card has been inserted. If so, the tracks are read immediately as described in the form specified by the *lpstrFormName* parameter.

If no card has been inserted, and for all other categories of card readers, the ID card unit waits for the period of time specified in the WFSExecute call for a card to be either inserted or pulled through. Again the next step is reading the tracks specified in the form (see Section 7, Form Definition, for a more detailed description of the forms mechanism). When the SECURE tag is specified in the associated form, the results of a security check via a security module (i.e. MM, CIM86) are specified and added to the track data.

The WFS EXEE_IDC_INSERTCARD event will be generated when there is no card in the card reader and the device is ready to accept a card.

If the security check fails however this should not stop valid data being returned. The error WFS ERR IDC SECURITYFAIL will be returned if the form specifies only security data to be read and the security check could not be executed, in all other cases WFS SUCCESS will be returned with the security field of the output parameter set to the relevant value including WFS IDC SEC HWERROR.

Input Param

LPSTR lpstrFormName;

lpstrFormName

Points to the name of the form that defines the behavior for the reading of tracks (see Section 7, Form Definition).

Output Param LPSTR lpstrTrackData;

lpstrTrackData

Points to the data read successfully from the selected tracks (and value of security module if available).

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_IDC_MEDIAJAM	The card is jammed. Operator intervention is required.
WFS_ERR_IDC_SHUTTERFAIL	The open of the shutter failed due to manipulation or hardware error. Operator intervention is required.
WFS_ERR_IDC_INVALIDDATA	The read operation specified by the forms definition could not be completed successfully due to invalid track data. This is returned if all tracks in an 'or' () operation cannot be read or if any track in an 'and' (&) operation cannot be read. <i>lpstrTrackData</i> points to data from the successfully read tracks (if any). One WFS_EXEE_IDC_INVALIDTRACKDAT A execute event is generated for each specified track which could not be read successfully. See the form description for the
WFS_ERR_IDC_NOMEDIA	rules defining how tracks are specified. The card was removed before completion of the read action (the event WFS_EXEE_IDC_MEDIAINSERTED has been generated). For motor driven devices, the read is disabled; i.e. another command has to be issued to enable the reader for card entry.

WFS_ERR_IDC_INVALIDMEDIA	No track found; card may have been inserted or pulled through the wrong way.
WFS_ERR_IDC_FORMNOTFOUND	The specified form can not be found.
WFS_ERR_IDC_FORMINVALID	The specified form definition is invalid (e.g. syntax error).
WFS_ERR_IDC_SECURITYFAIL	The security module failed reading the cards security sign.
WFS_ERR_IDC_CARDTOOSHORT	The card that was inserted is too short. When this error occurs the card remains at the exit slot.
WFS_ERR_IDC_CARDTOOLONG	The card that was inserted is too long. When this error occurs the card remains at the exit

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref.1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_EXEE_IDC_INVALIDTRACKDATA	One event is generated for each blank track (no data) or invalid track (either data error reading the track or the data does not conform to the specified form definition).
WFS_EXEE_IDC_MEDIAINSERTED	This event is generated when a card is detected in the device, giving early warning of card entry to an application, allowing it to remove a user prompt and/or do other processing while the card is being read.
WFS_SRVE_IDC_MEDIAREMOVED	This event is generated when a card is removed before completion of a read operation.
WFS_EXEE_IDC_INVALIDMEDIA	The user is attempting to insert the media in the wrong orientation. The card has not been accepted into the device. The device is still ready to accept a card inserted in the correct orientation.
WFS_EXEE_IDC_INSERTCARD	Device is ready to accept a card from the user.
WFS_EXEE_IDC_TRACKDETECTED	Track data has been detected during the insertion of the card.

Comments

The track data is preceded by the keyword for the track, separated by a ':'. The field data is always preceded by the corresponding keyword, separated by a '='. The fields are separated by 0x00. The data of the different tracks is separated by an additional 0x00. The end of the buffer is marked by another additional 0x00 (see example below). Data encoding is defined in Section 7, Form Definition.

Example of *lpstrTrackData*:

TRACK2:ALL=47..\0\0TRACK3:MII=59\0PAN=500..\0\0\0

5.2 WFS_CMD_IDC_WRITE_TRACK

Description

For motor-driven card readers, the ID card unit checks whether a card has been inserted. If so, the data is written to the track as described in the form specified by the *lpstrFormName* parameter, and the other parameters.

If no card has been inserted, and for all other categories of devices, the ID card unit waits for the period of time specified in the **WFSExecute** call for a card to be either inserted or pulled through. The next step is writing the data defined by the form and the parameters to the respective track (see Section 7, Form Definition, for a more detailed description of the forms mechanism).

This procedure is followed by data verification.

The WFS_EXEE_IDC_INSERTCARD event will be generated when there is no card in the card reader and the device is ready to accept a card.

If power fails during a write the outcome of the operation will be vendor specific, there is no guarantee that the write will have succeeded.

Input Param

LPWFSIDCWRITETRACK lpWriteTrack;

lpstrFormName

Points to the name of the form to be used.

lpstrTrackData

Points to the data to be used in the form.

fwWriteMethod

Indicates whether a low coercivity or high coercivity magnetic stripe is being written.

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_LOCO	Low coercivity magnetic stripe is being
	written.
WFS_IDC_HICO	High coercivity magnetic stripe is being
	written.
WFS_IDC_AUTO	Service Provider will determine whether low
	or high coercivity stripe is to be written.

Output Param None.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_IDC_MEDIAJAM	The card is jammed. Operator intervention is required.
WFS_ERR_IDC_SHUTTERFAIL	The open of the shutter failed due to manipulation or hardware error. Operator intervention is required.
WFS_ERR_IDC_NOMEDIA	The card was removed before completion of the write action (the event WFS_EXEE_IDC_MEDIAINSERTED has been generated). For motor driven devices, the write is disabled; i.e. another command has to be issued to enable the reader for card entry.
WFS_ERR_IDC_INVALIDDATA WFS_ERR_IDC_DATASYNTAX	An error occurred while writing the track. The syntax of the data pointed to by <i>lpstrTrackData</i> is in error, or does not conform to the form definition.

WFS_ERR_IDC_INVALIDMEDIA	No track found; card may have been inserted or pulled through the wrong way.
WFS_ERR_IDC_FORMNOTFOUND	The specified form can not be found.
WFS_ERR_IDC_FORMINVALID	The specified form definition is invalid (e.g. syntax error).
WFS_ERR_IDC_WRITE_METHOD	The <i>fwWriteMethod</i> value is inconsistent with device capabilities.
WFS_ERR_IDC_CARDTOOSHORT	The card that was inserted is too short. When this error occurs the card remains at the exit slot.
WFS_ERR_IDC_CARDTOOLONG	The card that was inserted is too long. When this error occurs the card remains at the exit slot.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref.1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_EXEE_IDC_INVALIDTRACKDATA	One event is generated for each blank track (no data) or invalid track (either data error reading the track or the data does not conform to the specified form definition).
WFS_EXEE_IDC_MEDIAINSERTED	This event is generated when a card is detected in the device, giving early warning of card entry to an application, allowing it to remove a user prompt and/or do other processing while the card is being written.
WFS_SRVE_IDC_MEDIAREMOVED	This event is generated when a card is removed before completion of a write operation.
WFS_EXEE_IDC_INVALIDMEDIA	The user is attempting to insert the media in the wrong orientation. The card has not been accepted into the device. The device is still ready to accept a card inserted in the correct orientation.
WFS_EXEE_IDC_INSERTCARD	Device is ready to accept a card from the user.

Comments

The field data is always preceded by the corresponding keyword, separated by an '='. This keyword could be one of the fields defined in the form or the predefined keyword 'ALL'. Fields are separated by 0x00. The end of the buffer is marked with an additional 0x00. (See the example below and Section 7, Form Definition.). This specification means that only one track can be written in the same command. This is a fundamental capability of an ID card unit; thus if a write request is received by a device with no write capability, the WFS_ERR_UNSUPP_COMMAND error is returned.

Example of *lpstrTrackData*: RETRYCOUNT=3\0DATE=3132\0\0

5.3 WFS_CMD_IDC_EJECT_CARD

Description

This command is only applicable to motor driven card readers and latched dip card readers. For motorized card readers the default operation is that the card is driven to the exit slot from where the user can remove it. After successful completion of this command, a service event message is generated to inform the application when the card is taken. The card remains in position for withdrawal until either it is taken or another command is issued that moves the card.

For latched dip readers, this command causes the card to be unlatched (if not already unlatched), enabling removal.

After successful completion of this command, a WFS_SRVE_IDC_MEDIAREMOVED event is generated to inform the application when the card is taken.

Input Param

LPWFSIDCEJECTCARD lpEjectCard;

wEjectPosition

Specifies the destination of the card ejection for motorized card readers. Possible values are one of the following:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_EXITPOSITION	The card will be transferred to the exit slot
	from where the user can remove it. In the
	case of a latched dip the card will be
	unlatched, enabling removal.
WFS_IDC_TRANSPORTPOSITION	The card will be transferred to the transport
	just behind the exit slot. If a card is already
	at this position then WFS_SUCCESS will be
	returned. Another
	WFS_CMD_IDC_EJECT_CARD command
	is required with the wEjectPosition set to
	WFS_IDC_EXITPOSITION in order to
	present the card to the user for removal.

If *lpEjectCard* is a NULL pointer, the card will be transferred to the exit slot from where the user can remove it. In the case of a latched dip the card will be unlatched, enabling removal. This action is the same as when WFS_IDC_EXITPOSITION is specified for *wEjectPosition*.

Output Param

None.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_IDC_MEDIAJAM	The card is jammed. Operator intervention is
	required. A possible scenario is also when an
	attempt to retain the card was made during
	attempts to eject it. The retain bin is full; no
	more cards can be retained. The current card
	is still in the device.
WFS_ERR_IDC_SHUTTERFAIL	The open of the shutter failed due to
	manipulation or hardware error. Operator
	intervention is required.
WFS_ERR_IDC_NOMEDIA	No card is present.
WFS_ERR_IDC_MEDIARETAINED	The card has been retained during attempts
	to eject it. The device is clear and can be
	used.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref.1], the following events can be generated by this command:

	Value	Meaning
	WFS_SRVE_IDC_MEDIAREMOVED	The card has been taken by the user.
	WFS_USRE_IDC_RETAINBINTHRESHOLD	The retain bin reached a threshold value.
Comments	This is a fundamental capability of an ID card unit;	thus if an eject request is received by a device

Co

with no eject capability, the WFS_ERR_UNSUPP_COMMAND error is returned.

WFS_CMD_IDC_RETAIN_CARD

Description

The card is removed from its present position (card inserted into device, card entering, unknown position) and stored in the retain bin; applicable to motor-driven card readers only. The ID card unit sends an event, if the storage capacity of the retain bin is reached. If the storage capacity has already been reached, and the command cannot be executed, an error is returned and the card remains in its present position.

Input Param

None.

Output Param LPWFSIDCRETAINCARD lpRetainCard;

```
typedef struct _wfs_idc_retain_card
     USHORT
                          usCount;
     WORD
                          fwPosition;
     } WFSIDCRETAINCARD, *LPWFSIDCRETAINCARD;
```

usCount

Total number of ID cards retained up to and including this operation, since the last WFS CMD IDC RESET COUNT command was executed.

fwPosition

Position of card; only relevant if card could not be retained. Possible positions:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_MEDIAUNKNOWN	The position of the card can not be
	determined with the device in its current
	state.
WFS_IDC_MEDIAPRESENT	The card is present in the reader.
WFS_IDC_MEDIAENTERING	The card is in the entering position (shutter).

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_IDC_MEDIAJAM	The card is jammed. Operator intervention is required.
WFS_ERR_IDC_NOMEDIA	No card has been inserted. The <i>fwPosition</i> parameter has the value WFS_IDC_MEDIAUNKNOWN.
WFS_ERR_IDC_RETAINBINFULL	The retain bin is full; no more cards can be retained. The current card is still in the device.
WFS_ERR_IDC_SHUTTERFAIL	The open of the shutter failed due to manipulation or hardware error. Operator intervention is required.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref.1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_USRE_IDC_RETAINBINTHRESHOLD	The retain bin reached a threshold value.
WFS_SRVE_IDC_MEDIAREMOVED	The card has been taken by the user.
WFS EXEE IDC MEDIARETAINED	The card has been retained.

Comments

This is a fundamental capability of an ID card unit; thus if a retain request is received by a device with no retain capability, the WFS_ERR_UNSUPP_COMMAND error is returned.

5.5 WFS_CMD_IDC_RESET_COUNT

Description This function resets the present value for number of cards retained to zero. The function is

possible for motor-driven card readers only.

The number of cards retained is controlled by the service and can be requested before resetting via

the WFS_INF_IDC_STATUS.

Input Param None.Output Param None.

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Events In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref.1], the following events can be generated by this

command:

Value Meaning

WFS_USRE_IDC_RETAINBINTHRESHOLD The retain bin was emptied.

Comments This is a fundamental capability of an ID card unit; thus if this request is received by a device

with no retain capability, the WFS_ERR_UNSUPP_COMMAND error is returned.

5.6 WFS_CMD_IDC_SETKEY

Description This command is used for setting the DES key that is necessary for operating a CIM86 module.

The command must be executed before the first read command is issued to the card reader.

Input Param LPWFSIDCSETKEY lpSetkey;

usKeyLen

Specifies the length of the following key value.

lpbKeyValue

Pointer to a byte array containing the CIM86 DES key. This key is supplied by the vendor of the

CIM86 module.

Output Param None.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be

generated by this command:

Value Meaning
WFS ERR IDC INVALIDKEY The key does not fit to the security module.

Events Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments None.

5.7 WFS_CMD_IDC_READ_RAW_DATA

Description

For motor driven card readers, the ID card unit checks whether a card has been inserted. If so, all specified tracks are read immediately. If reading the chip is requested, the chip will be contacted and reset and the ATR (Answer To Reset) data will be read. When this command completes the chip will be in contacted position. This command can also be used for an explicit cold reset of a previously contacted chip.

This command should only be used for user cards and should not be used for permanently connected chips.

If no card has been inserted, and for all other categories of card readers, the ID card unit waits for the period of time specified in the **WFSExecute** call for a card to be either inserted or pulled through. The next step is trying to read all tracks specified.

The WFS_EXEE_IDC_INSERTCARD event will be generated when there is no card in the card reader and the device is ready to accept a card.

If the magnetic stripe track data is not already in 8 bit form, the data is converted from its 5 or 7 bit character form to 8 bit ASCII form. The parity bit from each 5 or 7 bit magnetic stripe character is discarded. Start and end sentinel characters are not returned to the application. Field separator characters are returned to the application, and are also converted to 8 bit ASCII form.

In addition to that, a security check via a security module (i.e. MM, CIM86) can be requested. If the security check fails however this should not stop valid data being returned. The error WFS_ERR_IDC_SECURITYFAIL will be returned if the command specifies only security data to be read and the security check could not be executed, in all other cases WFS_SUCCESS will be returned with the *lpbData* field of the output parameter set to the relevant value including WFS_IDC_SEC_HWERROR.

For non-motorized Card Readers which read track data on card exit, the WFS_ERR_INVALID_DATA error code is returned when a call to WFS_CMD_IDC_READ_RAW_DATA is made to read both track data and chip data.

If the card unit is a latched dip unit then the device will latch the card when the chip card will be read, i.e. WFS_IDC_CHIP is specified (see below). The card will remain latched until a call to WFS_CMD_IDC_EJECT_CARD is made.

Input Param

LPWORD lpwReadData;

lpwReadData

If *lpwReadData* points to a zero value any previously ejected card will be moved back inside the device and no data will be returned. Otherwise, *lpwReadData* specifies the data that should be read as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_TRACK1	Track 1 of the magnetic stripe will be read.
WFS_IDC_TRACK2	Track 2 of the magnetic stripe will be read.
WFS_IDC_TRACK3	Track 3 of the magnetic stripe will be read.
WFS_IDC_CHIP	The chip will be read.
WFS_IDC_SECURITY	A security check will be performed.
WFS_IDC_FLUXINACTIVE	If the IDC Flux Sensor is programmable it
	will be disabled in order to allow chip data to
	be read on cards which have no magnetic
	stripes.
WFS_IDC_TRACK_WM	The Swedish Watermark track will be read.
WFS_IDC_MEMORY_CHIP	The memory chip will be read.
WFS_IDC_FRONT_TRACK_1	Track 1 data is read from the magnetic stripe
	located on the front of the card. In some
	countries this track is known as JIS II track.
WFS_IDC_FRONTIMAGE	The front image of the card will be read in
	BMP format.
WFS_IDC_BACKIMAGE	The back image of the card will be read in
	BMP format.

WFS_IDC_TRACK1_JIS1

Track 1 of Japanese cash transfer card will be read. In some countries this track is known as JIS I track 1 (8bits/char).

WFS_IDC_TRACK3_JIS1

Track 3 of Japanese cash transfer card will be read. In some countries this track is known as JIS I track 3 (8bits/char).

WFS_IDC_DDI

Dynamic Digital Identification data of the magnetic stripe will be read.

Output Param LPWFSIDCCARDDATA *lppCardData;

lppCardData

Pointer to a NULL terminated array of pointers to card data structures or if no data has been requested *lppCardData* will be NULL:

wDataSource

Specifies the source of the card data as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_TRACK1	lpbData contains data read from track 1.
WFS_IDC_TRACK2	<i>lpbData</i> contains data read from track 2.
WFS_IDC_TRACK3	lpbData contains data read from track 3.
WFS_IDC_CHIP	lpbData contains ATR data read from the
	chip. For contactless chip card readers,
	multiple identification information can be
	returned if the card reader detects more than
	one chip. Each chip identification
	information is returned as an individual
	lppCardData array element.
WFS_IDC_SECURITY	lpbData contains the value returned by the
	security module.
WFS_IDC_TRACK_WM	lpbData contains data read from the Swedish
	Watermark track.
WFS_IDC_MEMORY_CHIP	lpbData contains Memory Card
	Identification data read from the memory
	chip.
WFS_IDC_FRONT_TRACK_1	lpbData contains data read from the front
	track 1. In some countries this track is
	known as JIS II track.
WFS_IDC_FRONTIMAGE	lpbData contains a null-terminated string
	containing the full path and file name of the
	BMP image file for the front of the card.
WFS_IDC_BACKIMAGE	lpbData contains a null-terminated string
	containing the full path and file name of the
	BMP image file for the back of the card.
WFS_IDC_TRACK1_JIS1	lpbData contains data read from JIS I track 1
WITE VD C MD L CVIA WAL	(8bits/char).
WFS_IDC_TRACK3_JIS1	lpbData contains data read from JIS I track 3
WEG INC DDI	(8bits/char).
WFS_IDC_DDI	lpbData contains dynamic digital
	identification data read from magnetic stripe.

wStatus

Status of reading the card data. Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_DATAOK	The data is OK.

WFS_IDC_DATAMISSING WFS_IDC_DATAINVALID	The track/chip/memory chip is blank. The data contained on the track/chip/memory chip is invalid. This will typically be returned when <i>lpbData</i> reports WFS_IDC_SEC_BADREADLEVEL or WFS_IDC_SEC_DATAINVAL.
WFS_IDC_DATATOOLONG	The data contained on the track/chip/memory chip is too long.
WFS_IDC_DATATOOSHORT	The data contained on the track/chip/memory chip is too short.
WFS_IDC_DATASRCNOTSUPP	The data source to read from is not supported by the Service Provider.
WFS_IDC_DATASRCMISSING	The data source to read from is missing on the card, or is unable to be read due to a hardware problem, or the module has not been initialized. For example, this will be returned on a request to read a Memory Card and the customer has entered a magnetic card without associated memory chip. This will also be reported when <i>lpbData</i> reports WFS_IDC_SEC_NODATA, WFS_IDC_SEC_NOINIT or WFS_IDC_SEC_HWERROR. This will also be reported when the image reader could not create a BMP file due to the state of the image reader or due to a failure.

ulDataLength

Specifies the length of the following field *lpbData*.

lpbData

Points to the data read from the track/chip, the value returned by the security module or a null-terminated string containing the full path and file name of the BMP image file. This value is terminated with a single null character and cannot contain UNICODE characters.

The security module can return one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_SEC_READLEVEL1	The security data readability level is 1.
WFS_IDC_SEC_READLEVEL2	The security data readability level is 2.
WFS_IDC_SEC_READLEVEL3	The security data readability level is 3.
WFS_IDC_SEC_READLEVEL4	The security data readability level is 4.
WFS_IDC_SEC_READLEVEL5	The security data readability level is 5.
WFS_IDC_SEC_BADREADLEVEL	The security data reading quality is not acceptable.
WFS_IDC_SEC_NODATA	There are no security data on the card.
WFS_IDC_SEC_DATAINVAL	The validation of the security data with the specific data on the magnetic stripe was not successful.
WFS_IDC_SEC_HWERROR	The security module could not be used because of a hardware error.
WFS_IDC_SEC_NOINIT	The security module could not be used because it was not initialized (e.g. CIM key is not loaded).

The memory card returns the memory card protocol used to communicate with the card in the first WORD of the buffer, with the actual data following the protocol WORD. See <code>lpwMemoryChipProtocols</code> from WFS_INF_IDC_CAPABILITIES for a description of possible memory card protocols.

fwWriteMethod

Ignored for this command.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_IDC_MEDIAJAM	The card is jammed. Operator intervention is required.
WFS_ERR_IDC_SHUTTERFAIL	The open of the shutter failed due to manipulation or hardware error. Operator intervention is required.
WFS_ERR_IDC_NOMEDIA	The card was removed before completion of the read action (the event WFS_EXEE_IDC_MEDIAINSERTED has been generated). For motor driven devices, the read is disabled; i.e. another command has to be issued to enable the reader for card entry.
WFS_ERR_IDC_INVALIDMEDIA	No track or chip found; card may have been inserted or pulled through the wrong way.
WFS_ERR_IDC_CARDTOOSHORT	The card that was inserted is too short. When this error occurs the card remains at the exit slot.
WFS_ERR_IDC_CARDTOOLONG	The card that was inserted is too long. When this error occurs the card remains at the exit slot.
WFS_ERR_IDC_SECURITYFAIL	The security module failed reading the cards security sign.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_EXEE_IDC_MEDIAINSERTED	This event is generated when a card is detected in the device, giving early warning
	of card entry to an application, allowing it to remove a user prompt and/or do other
WEG GRUE ING A FERMANDIA	processing while the card is being read.
WFS_SRVE_IDC_MEDIAREMOVED	This event is generated when a card is
	removed before completion of a read operation.
WFS_EXEE_IDC_INVALIDMEDIA	The user is attempting to insert the media in
	the wrong orientation. The card has not been
	accepted into the device. The device is still
	ready to accept a card inserted in the correct orientation.
WFS_EXEE_IDC_INSERTCARD	Device is ready to accept a card from the
	user.
WFS_EXEE_IDC_TRACKDETECTED	Track data has been detected during the insertion of the card.

Comments

None.

5.8 WFS_CMD_IDC_WRITE_RAW_DATA

Description

For motor-driven card readers, the ID card unit checks whether a card has been inserted. If so, the data is written to the tracks.

If no card has been inserted, and for all other categories of devices, the ID card unit waits for the period of time specified in the **WFSExecute** call for a card to be either inserted or pulled through. The next step is writing the data to the respective tracks.

The WFS_EXEE_IDC_INSERTCARD event will be generated when there is no card in the card reader and the device is ready to accept a card.

The application must pass the magnetic stripe data in ASCII without any sentinels. The data will be converted by the Service Provider (ref WFS_CMD_IDC_READ_RAW_DATA). If the data passed in is too long the WFS_ERR_INVALID_DATA error code will be returned.

This procedure is followed by data verification.

If power fails during a write the outcome of the operation will be vendor specific, there is no guarantee that the write will have succeeded.

Input Param

LPWFSIDCCARDDATA *lppCardData;

Pointer to a NULL terminated array of pointers to card data structures:

wDataSource

Specifies the source of the card data as one of the following flags:

Meaning
lpbData contains the data to be written to
track 1.
lpbData contains the data to be written to
track 2.
lpbData contains the data to be written to
track 3.
lpbData contains the data to be written to the
front track 1. In some countries this track is
known as JIS II track.
lpbData contains the data to be written to JIS
I track 1 (8bits/char).
lpbData contains the data to be written to JIS
I track 3 (8bits/char).

wStatus

This parameter is ignored by this command.

ulDataLength

Specifies the length of the following field *lpbData*.

lpbData

Points to the data to be written to the track.

fwWriteMethod

Indicates whether a loco or hico magnetic stripe is being written.

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_LOCO	Low coercivity magnetic stripe is being
WFS_IDC_HICO	written. High coercivity magnetic stripe is being
	written.

WFS_IDC_AUTO

Service Provider will determine whether low or high coercivity stripe is to be written.

Output Param None.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_IDC_MEDIAJAM	The card is jammed. Operator intervention is
WFS_ERR_IDC_SHUTTERFAIL	required. The open of the shutter failed due to manipulation or hardware error. Operator
	intervention is required.
WFS_ERR_IDC_NOMEDIA	The card was removed before completion of the write action (the event
	WFS_EXEE_IDC_MEDIAINSERTED has been generated). For motor driven devices,
	the write is disabled; i.e. another command
	has to be issued to enable the reader for card entry.
WFS_ERR_IDC_INVALIDMEDIA	No track found; card may have been inserted or pulled through the wrong way.
WFS_ERR_IDC_WRITE_METHOD	The fwWriteMethod value is inconsistent with device capabilities.
WFS_ERR_IDC_CARDTOOSHORT	The card that was inserted is too short. When this error occurs the card remains at the exit slot.
WFS_ERR_IDC_CARDTOOLONG	The card that was inserted is too long. When this error occurs the card remains at the exit slot.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_EXEE_IDC_MEDIAINSERTED	This event is generated when a card is
	detected in the device, giving early warning
	of card entry to an application, allowing it to
	remove a user prompt and/or do other
	processing while the card is being written.
WFS_SRVE_IDC_MEDIAREMOVED	This event is generated when a card is
	removed before completion of a write
	operation.
WFS_EXEE_IDC_INVALIDMEDIA	The user is attempting to insert the media in
	the wrong orientation. The card has not been
	accepted into the device. The device is still
	ready to accept a card inserted in the correct
	orientation.
WFS EXEE IDC INSERTCARD	Device is ready to accept a card from the
	user.

Comments

This is a fundamental capability of an ID card unit; thus if a write request is received by a device with no write capability, the WFS_ERR_UNSUPP_COMMAND error is returned.

WFS_CMD_IDC_CHIP_IO

Description

This command is used to communicate with the chip. Transparent data is sent from the application to the chip and the response of the chip is returned transparently to the application.

The identification information e.g. ATR of the chip must be obtained before issuing this command. The identification information for a user card or the Memory Card Identification (when available) must initially be obtained through WFS_CMD_IDC_READ_RAW_DATA. The identification information for subsequent resets of a user card can be obtained either through WFS_CMD_IDC_READ_RAW_DATA command or through WFS_CMD_IDC_CHIP_POWER. The ATR for permanent connected chips is always obtained through WFS CMD IDC CHIP POWER.

For contactless chip card readers, applications need to specify which chip to contact with, as part of *lpbChipData*, if more than one chip has been detected and multiple identification data has been returned by the WFS CMD IDC READ RAW DATA command.

Input Param

LPWFSIDCCHIPIO lpChipIoIn;

```
typedef struct _wfs_idc_chip_io
     WORD
                           wChipProtocol;
     ULONG
                           ulChipDataLength;
     LPBYTE
                           lpbChipData;
     } WFSIDCCHIPIO, *LPWFSIDCCHIPIO;
```

wChipProtocol

Identifies the protocol that is used to communicate with the chip. Possible values are those described in WFS INF IDC CAPABILITIES. This field is ignored in communications with Memory Cards. The Service Provider knows which memory card type is currently inserted and therefore there is no need for the application to manage this.

ulChipDataLength

Specifies the length of the following field *lpbChipData*.

lpbChipData

Points to the data sent to the chip.

Output Param LPWFSIDCCHIPIO lpChipIoOut;

```
typedef struct _wfs_idc_chip_io
     WORD
                           wChipProtocol;
                           ulChipDataLength;
     ULONG
     LPRYTE
                           lpbChipData;
     } WFSIDCCHIPIO, *LPWFSIDCCHIPIO;
```

wChipProtocol

Identifies the protocol that is used to communicate with the chip. This field contains the same value as the corresponding field in the input structure. This field should be ignored in Memory Card dialogs and will contain WFS IDC NOTSUPP when returned for any Memory Card dialog.

ulChipDataLength

Specifies the length of the following field *lpbChipData*.

lpbChipData

Points to the data responded from the chip.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_IDC_MEDIAJAM	The card is jammed. Operator intervention is
	required.
WFS_ERR_IDC_NOMEDIA	There is no card inside the device.
WFS_ERR_IDC_INVALIDMEDIA	No chip found; card may have been inserted
	the wrong way.
WFS_ERR_IDC_INVALIDDATA	An error occurred while communicating with
	the chip.

WFS_ERR_IDC_PROTOCOLNOTSUPP The protocol used was not supported by the

Service Provider.

WFS_ERR_IDC_ATRNOTOBTAINED The ATR has not been obtained.

Events In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this

command:

Value Meaning

WFS_SRVE_IDC_MEDIAREMOVED This event is generated when a card is

removed before completion of an operation.

5.10 WFS_CMD_IDC_RESET

Description

This command is used by the application to perform a hardware reset which will attempt to return the IDC device to a known good state. This command does not over-ride a lock obtained by another application or service handle.

If the device is a user ID card unit, the device will attempt to either retain, eject or will perform no action on any user cards found in the IDC as specified in the <code>lpwResetIn</code> parameter. It may not always be possible to retain or eject the items as specified because of hardware problems. If a user card is found inside the device the WFS_SRVE_IDC_MEDIADETECTED event will inform the application where card was actually moved to. If no action is specified the user card will not be moved even if this means that the IDC cannot be recovered.

If the device is a permanent chip card unit, this command will power-off the chip.

For devices with parking station capability there will be one WFS SRVE IDC MEDIADETECTED event for each card found.

Input Param

LPWORD lpwResetIn;

Specifies the action to be performed on any user card found within the ID card unit as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_EJECT	Eject any card found.
WFS_IDC_RETAIN	Retain any card found.
WFS_IDC_NOACTION	No action should be performed on any card
	found.

If *lpwResetIn* is NULL the Service Provider will determine where to move any card found.

Output Param

None.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_IDC_MEDIAJAM	The card is jammed. Operator intervention is required.
WFS_ERR_IDC_SHUTTERFAIL	The device is unable to open and close its shutter.
WFS_ERR_IDC_RETAINBINFULL	The retain bin is full; no more cards can be retained. The current card is still in the device.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_IDC_MEDIADETECTED	This event is generated when a media is
	detected during a reset. For devices with
	parking station capability there will be one
	event for each card found.
WFS_SRVE_IDC_MEDIAREMOVED	The card has been taken by the user.
WFS_USRE_IDC_RETAINBINTHRESHOLD	The retain bin reached a threshold value.

Comments

None.

5.11 WFS_CMD_IDC_CHIP_POWER

Description

This command handles the power actions that can be done on the chip.

For user chips, this command is only used after the chip has been contacted for the first time using the WFS CMD IDC READ RAW DATA command.

For permanently connected chip cards, this command is the only way to control the chip power.

Input Param

LPWORD lpwChipPower;

lpwChipPower

Specifies the action to perform as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_CHIPPOWERCOLD	The chip is powered on and reset (Cold
	Reset).
WFS_IDC_CHIPPOWERWARM	The chip is reset (Warm Reset).
WFS_IDC_CHIPPOWEROFF	The chip is powered off.

Output Param NULL or LPWFSIDCCHIPPOWEROUT lpChipPowerOut;

```
typedef struct _wfs_idc_chip_power_out
     ULONG
                          ulChipDataLength;
     LPBYTE
                          lpbChipData;
     } WFSIDCCHIPPOWEROUT, *LPWFSIDCCHIPPOWEROUT;
```

ulChipDataLength

Specifies the length of the following field *lpbChipData*.

lpbChipData

Points to the ATR data responded from the chip. NULL if the action was not a power on.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_IDC_CHIPPOWERNOTSUPP	The specified action is not supported by the
	hardware device.
WFS_ERR_IDC_MEDIAJAM	The card is jammed. Operator intervention is
	required.
WFS_ERR_IDC_NOMEDIA	There is no card inside the device.
WFS_ERR_IDC_INVALIDMEDIA	No chip found; card may have been inserted
	or pulled through the wrong way.
WFS_ERR_IDC_INVALIDDATA	An error occurred while communicating with
	the chip.
WFS_ERR_IDC_ATRNOTOBTAINED	The ATR has not been obtained (only
	applies to user chips).

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_IDC_MEDIAREMOVED	This event is generated when a card is
	removed before completion of the operation.

Comments

The NULL return value for the output parameter is provided for backwards compatibility and is only valid for user cards. Permanent chips must return the ATR in the output parameter. User cards should return the ATR in the output parameter.

5.12 WFS_CMD_IDC_PARSE_DATA

Description This command takes form name and the output of a successful

WFS_CMD_IDC_READ_RAW_DATA command and returns the parsed string.

Input Param LPWFSIDCPARSEDATA lpParseData;

lpstrFormName

Points to the name of the form that defines the behavior for the reading of tracks (see Section 7, Form Description).

lppCardData

Points to a NULL terminated array of pointers to card data structures, as returned from the WFS CMD IDC READ RAW DATA command.

Output Param LPSTR lpstrTrackData;

lpstrTrackData

Points to the data read successfully from the selected tracks (and value of security module if available).

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_IDC_INVALIDDATA WFS_ERR_IDC_FORMNOTFOUND WFS_ERR_IDC_FORMINVALID	The read operation specified by the forms definition could not be completed successfully due to invalid or incomplete track data being passed in. This is returned if none of the tracks in an 'or' () operation is contained in the <i>lppCardData</i> array or if any track in an 'and' (&) operation is not found in the input. One execute event (WFS_EXEE_IDC_INVALIDTRACKDAT A) is generated for each specified track which could not be parsed successfully. See the form description for the rules defining how tracks are specified. The specified form can not be found. The specified form definition is invalid (e.g. syntax error).

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_EXEE_IDC_INVALIDTRACKDATA	One event is generated for each blank track
	(no data) or invalid track (either data error
	reading the track or the data does not
	conform to the specified form definition).

Comments

The track data is preceded by the keyword for the track, separated by a ':'. The field data is always preceded by the corresponding keyword, separated by a '='. The fields are separated by 0x00. The data of the different tracks is separated by an additional 0x00. The end of the buffer is marked by another additional 0x00 (see example below). Data encoding is defined in Section 7, Form Definition.

Example of *lpstrTrackData*:

TRACK2:ALL=47..\0\0TRACK3:MII=59\0PAN=500..\0\0\0

5.13 WFS_CMD_IDC_SET_GUIDANCE_LIGHT

Description

This command is used to set the status of the IDC guidance lights. This includes defining the flash rate and the color. When an application tries to use a color that is not supported then the Service Provider will return the generic error WFS_ERR_UNSUPP_DATA.

Input Param

LPWFSIDCSETGUIDLIGHT lpSetGuidLight;

wGuidLight

Specifies the index of the guidance light to set as one of the values defined within the capabilities section.

dwCommand

Specifies the state of the guidance light indicator as WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_OFF or a combination of the following flags consisting of one type B, and optionally one type C. If no value of type C is specified then the default color is used. The Service Provider determines which color is used as the default color.

Meaning	Type
The light indicator is turned off.	A
The light indicator is set to flash	В
slowly.	
The light indicator is set to flash	В
_	В
1 •	_
	В
	C
_	C
	C
_	C
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	C
_	C
	C
_	C
	C
•	
•	С
•	
_	С
to white.	
	The light indicator is turned off. The light indicator is set to flash slowly. The light indicator is set to flash medium frequency. The light indicator is set to flash quickly. The light indicator is turned on continuously (steady). The light indicator color is set to red. The light indicator color is set to green. The light indicator color is set to yellow. The light indicator color is set to blue. The light indicator color is set to cyan. The light indicator color is set to cyan. The light indicator color is set to magenta. The light indicator color is set

Output Param None.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_IDC_INVALID_PORT	An attempt to set a guidance light to a new
	value was invalid because the guidance light
	does not exist.

Events

Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command:

Comments

Guidance light support was added into the IDC primarily to support guidance lights for workstations where more than one instance of an IDC is present. The original SIU guidance light mechanism was not able to manage guidance lights for workstations with multiple IDCs. This command can also be used to set the status of the IDC guidance lights when only one instance of an IDC is present.

The slow and medium flash rates must not be greater than 2.0 Hz. It should be noted that in order to comply with American Disabilities Act guidelines only a slow or medium flash rate must be used.

5.14 WFS_CMD_IDC_POWER_SAVE_CONTROL

Description

This command activates or deactivates the power-saving mode.

If the Service Provider receives another execute command while in power saving mode, the Service Provider automatically exits the power saving mode, and executes the requested command. If the Service Provider receives an information command while in power saving mode, the Service Provider will not exit the power saving mode.

Input Param

LPWFSIDCPOWERSAVECONTROL lpPowerSaveControl;

```
typedef struct _wfs_idc_power_save_control
                          usMaxPowerSaveRecoveryTime;
     USHORT
     } WFSIDCPOWERSAVECONTROL, *LPWFSIDCPOWERSAVECONTROL;
```

usMaxPowerSaveRecoveryTime

Specifies the maximum number of seconds in which the device must be able to return to its normal operating state when exiting power save mode. The device will be set to the highest possible power save mode within this constraint. If usMaxPowerSaveRecoveryTime is set to zero then the device will exit the power saving mode.

Output Param None.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_IDC_POWERSAVETOOSHORT	The power saving mode has not been
	activated because the device is not able to
	resume from the power saving mode within
	the specified
	usMaxPowerSaveRecoveryTime value.
WFS_ERR_IDC_POWERSAVEMEDIAPRES	ENT
	The power saving mode has not been
	activated because media is present inside the
	device.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS SRVE IDC POWER SAVE CHANGE	The power save recovery time has changed.

Comments

None.

5.15 WFS_CMD_IDC_PARK_CARD

Description

This command is used to move a card that is present in the reader to a parking station. A parking station is defined as an area in the IDC, which can be used to temporarily store the card while the device performs operations on another card. This command is also used to move a card from the parking station to the read/write, chip I/O or transport position. When a card is moved from the parking station to the read/write, chip I/O or transport position

(WFSIDCPARKCARD.wDirection = PARK OUT), the read/write, chip I/O or transport position must not be occupied with another card, otherwise the error WFS ERR IDC CARDPRESENT will be returned.

After moving a card to a parking station, another card can be inserted and read by calling e.g. the WFS_CMD_IDC_READ_RAW_DATA or WFS_CMD_IDC_READ_TRACK command.

Cards in parking stations will not be affected by any IDC commands until they are removed from the parking station using this command, except for the WFS CMD IDC RESET command. The WFS CMD IDC RESET command will move the cards in the parking stations as specified in its *lpwResetIn* parameter as part of the reset action if possible.

Input Param

LPWFSIDCPARKCARD lpParkCard;

```
typedef struct _wfs_idc_park_card
     WORD
                          wDirection;
     USHORT
                          usParkingStation;
     } WFSIDCPARKCARD, *LPWFSIDCPARKCARD;
```

Specifies which way to move the card as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_PARK_IN	The card is moved to the parking station
	from the read/write, chip I/O or transport
	position.
WFS_IDC_PARK_OUT	The card is moved from the parking station
	to the read/write, chip I/O or transport
	position. Once the card has been moved any
	command can be executed e.g.
	WFS_CMD_IDC_EJECT_CARD or
	WFS_CMD_IDC_READ_RAW_DATA.

usParkingStation

Specifies which parking station should be used for this command. This value is the same index as is identified in the *lpwParkingStationMedia* array of the WFS INF IDC STATUS query.

Output Param None.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_IDC_MEDIAJAM	The card is jammed. Operator intervention is required.
WFS_ERR_IDC_NOMEDIA	No card is present at the read/write, chip I/O or transport position and the WFS_IDC_PARK_IN option has been selected. Or no card is in the parking station and the WFS_IDC_PARK_OUT option has been selected.
WFS_ERR_IDC_CARDPRESENT	Another card is present and is preventing successful movement of the card specified by <i>usParkingStation</i> .
WFS_ERR_IDC_POSITIONINVALID	The specified parking station is invalid.

Events

Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments

None.

6. Events

6.1 WFS_EXEE_IDC_INVALIDTRACKDATA

Description This execute event specifies that a track contained invalid or no data.

Event Param LPWFSIDCTRACKEVENT lpTrackEvent;

fwStatus

Status of reading the track. Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_DATAMISSING	The track is blank.
WFS_IDC_DATAINVALID	The data contained on the track is invalid.
WFS_IDC_DATATOOLONG	The data contained on the track is too long.
WFS_IDC_DATATOOSHORT	The data contained on the track is too short.

lpstrTrack

Points to the keyword of the track on which the error occurred.

lpstrData

Points to the data that could be read (that may be only a fragment of the track), terminated by a null character. This data is simply a stream of characters; it does not contain keywords.

6.2 WFS_EXEE_IDC_MEDIAINSERTED

Description This execute event specifies that a card was inserted into the device.

Event Param None.Comments None.

6.3 WFS_SRVE_IDC_MEDIAREMOVED

Description This service event specifies that the inserted card was manually removed by the user during the

processing of a read/write command, during the processing of a chip_io/power command, during or after a retain/reset operation, after an eject operation or after the card is removed by the user in

a latched dip card unit.

Event Param None.

6.4 WFS_EXEE_IDC_MEDIARETAINED

Description This service event specifies that the card was retained.

Event Param None.Comments None.

6.5 WFS_EXEE_IDC_INVALIDMEDIA

None.

Description This execute event specifies that the media the user is attempting to insert is not a valid card or it

is a card but it is in the wrong orientation.

Event Param None.

Comments

6.6 WFS_SRVE_IDC_CARDACTION

Description

This service event specifies that a card has been retained or ejected by either the automatic power on or power off action of the device.

Event Param

LPWFSIDCCARDACT lpCardAct;

wAction

Specifies which action has been performed with the card. Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_CARDRETAINED	The card has been retained.
WFS_IDC_CARDEJECTED	The card has been ejected.
WFS_IDC_CARDREADPOSITION	The card has been moved to the read
	position.

wPosition

Position of card before being retained or ejected. Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_MEDIAUNKNOWN	The position of the card can not be
	determined.
WFS_IDC_MEDIAPRESENT	The card was present in the reader.
WFS_IDC_MEDIAENTERING	The card was entering the reader.

Comments

None.

6.7 WFS_USRE_IDC_RETAINBINTHRESHOLD

Description This user event specifies that the retain bin holding the retained cards has reached a threshold

condition or the threshold condition is removed.

Event Param LPWORD lpfwRetainBin;

lpfwRetainBin

Specifies the state of the ID card unit retain bin as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_RETAINBINOK	The retain bin of the ID card unit was
	emptied.
WFS_IDC_RETAINBINFULL	The retain bin of the ID card unit is full.
WFS_IDC_RETAINBINHIGH	The retain bin of the ID card unit is nearly
	full.

6.8 WFS_SRVE_IDC_MEDIADETECTED

Description This service event is generated if media is detected during a reset (WFS_CMD_IDC_RESET).

The parameter on the event informs the application of the position of the card on the completion of the reset. For devices with parking station capability there will be one event for each card

found.

Event Param LPWORD lpwResetOut;

lpwResetOut

Specifies the action that was performed on any card found within the IDC as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_CARDEJECTED	The card was ejected.
WFS_IDC_CARDRETAINED	The card was retained.
WFS_IDC_CARDREADPOSITION	The card is in read position.
WFS_IDC_CARDJAMMED	The card is jammed in the device.

6.9 WFS_SRVE_IDC_RETAINBINREMOVED

Description This event specifies that the retain bin has been removed.

Event Param None.Comments None.

6.10 WFS_SRVE_IDC_RETAINBININSERTED

Description This event specifies that the retain bin has been inserted.

Event Param None.Comments None.

6.11 WFS_EXEE_IDC_INSERTCARD

Description This mandatory event notifies the application when the device is ready for the user to insert a

card.

Event Param None.

6.12 WFS_SRVE_IDC_DEVICEPOSITION

Description This service event reports that the device has changed its position status.

Event Param LPWFSIDCDEVICEPOSITION lpDevicePosition;

wPosition

Position of the device as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_DEVICEINPOSITION	The device is in its normal operating
	position.
WFS_IDC_DEVICENOTINPOSITION	The device has been removed from its
	normal operating position.
WFS_IDC_DEVICEPOSUNKNOWN	The position of the device cannot be
	determined.

6.13 WFS_SRVE_IDC_POWER_SAVE_CHANGE

Description This service event specifies that the power save recovery time has changed.

Event Param LPWFSIDCPOWERSAVECHANGE lpPowerSaveChange;

usPowerSaveRecoveryTime

Specifies the actual number of seconds required by the device to resume its normal operational state. This value is zero if the device exited the power saving mode.

Comments

If another device class compound with this device enters into a power saving mode this device will automatically enter into the same power saving mode and this event will be generated.

6.14 WFS_EXEE_IDC_TRACKDETECTED

Description

This execute event notifies the application what track data the inserted card has, before the reading of the data has completed. This event will be posted once when tracks are detected during card insertion.

Event Param

$LPWFSIDCTRACKDETECTED\ lpTrackDetected;$

fwTracks

Specifies which tracks are on the card, as a combination of the following flags (zero if there is no track on the inserted card):

Value	Meaning
WFS_IDC_TRACK1	The card has track 1.
WFS_IDC_TRACK2	The card has track 2.
WFS_IDC_TRACK3	The card has track 3.
WFS_IDC_TRACK_WM	The card has the Swedish Watermark track.
WFS_IDC_FRONT_TRACK_1	The card has the front track 1.

Comments

None.

7. Form Description

This section describes the forms mechanism used to define the tracks to be read or written. Forms are contained in a single file, with one section for each defined form. The name of each section is the form name parameter in the WFS CMD IDC READ TRACK and WFS CMD IDC WRITE TRACK commands.

The way to specify the location of a form file is vendor dependent.

As an example the following registry information can be used:

WOSA/XFS_ROOT FORMS IDCU

formfile=<path><filename>

The read form defines which tracks should be read in the WFS_CMD_IDC_READ_TRACK command and what the response should be to a read failure. The read form can also be used to define logical track data, i.e. fields like "account number", "issuer identifier", and their position within the physical track data. For example, the output parameter of the WFS_CMD_IDC_READ_TRACK command with input parameter *lpstrFormName* = READTRACK3GERMAN could look like (see example 1 below):

 $"TRACK3:MII=59\\OCOUNTRY=280\\OISSUERID=50050500\\OACCOUNT=1234567890\\OLUHNT3=1\\OEXPIRATION=9912\\OSECURE=1\\O\\O\\O"$

The write form defines which track is to be written, the logical track data that is handed over in the WFS_CMD_IDC_WRITE_TRACK command, and how the write data is to be converted to the physical data to be written.

Reserved Keywords/Operands 1	Meaning
	Form name delimiters.
TRACK1	Keyword to identify track 1.
TRACK2	Keyword to identify track 2.
TRACK3	Keyword to identify track 3.
TRACK1_JIS1	Keyword to identify JIS I track 1.
TRACK3_JIS1	Keyword to identify JIS I track 3.
FRONTTRACK1	Keyword to identify front track 1 (in some
	countries this track is known as JIS II track).
FIELDSEPT1	Value of field separator of track 1.
FIELDSEPT2	Value of field separator of track 2.
FIELDSEPT3	Value of field separator of track 3.
FIELDSEPTFRONT1	Value of field separator of front track 1.
FIELDSEPT1_JIS1	Value of field separator of JIS I track 1.
FIELDSEPT3_JIS1	Value of field separator of JIS I track 3.
READ	Description of read action; the track
	identifier keywords are processed left to
	right.
WRITE	Description of write action.
ALL	Read or write the complete track.
SECURE	Do the security check via the security
	module (CIM86 or MM). This check is done
	on Track 3 only.
&	Read/write all tracks specified, abort reading
	on read failure.
	Read/write at least one of the tracks
	specified, continue reading on read failure.

_

¹ Attributes are not required in any mandatory order.

FIELDSEPPOSn Position of the nth occurrence of field separator on track. FIELDSEPPOS0 specifies the beginning of the data. Separator in a list of logical fields. DEFAULT String for default substitution of track data to be written, that is not defined explicitly by the form fields. DEFAULT also allows an application to input fewer fields than those defined by the form. Reserved value for DEFAULT keyword: substitute track data to write with its value read before. **ENDTRACK** Represents the end of the data. It is used to identify fields positioned after the last field separator.

Notes

The & and | operands may be combined in a single READ statement; for example:

read track3 or track2, trying track3 first:
 READ= TRACK3 | TRACK2

read track 3 and at least one of track2 or track1:

READ= TRACK3 & (TRACK2 | TRACK1)

or:

READ= TRACK2 | TRACK1 & TRACK3

The keywords FIELDSEPPOS0 and ENDTRACK are used as follows:

• read the first 2 bytes of a track:

FIRST= FIELDSEPPOS0 + 1, FIELDSEPPOS0 + 2

read the last 2 bytes of a track:

LAST= ENDTRACK - 2, ENDTRACK - 1

Use of field separators in track layouts is to replace optional fields and terminate variable length fields.

Write forms are designed for updating specific fields without altering the position of the field separators.

The application may alter the position of the field separators by rewriting the card tracks (ALL option or DEFAULT option with default track data).

It is valid to define a field that spans another field separator, e.g. FIELDSEPPOS1+1, FIELDSEPPOS3+1 is valid as is FIELDSEPPOS3-4, FIELDSEPPOS3-1 where a field separator (e.g. FIELDSEPPOS2) lies within this range on the data read from the card. During a read track the field separator is returned within the track data. During a write track the application must ensure the correct number of field separators at the correct location with the correct spacing is included in the data, otherwise a WFS_ERR_IDC_DATASYNTAX error will be returned.

Example 1 Reading tracks:

```
[READTRACK3GERMAN]
FIELDSEPT1= =
                  /* field separator of track 1 */
                  /* field separator of track 2 */
FIELDSEPT2= =
FIELDSEPT3= =
                  /* field separator of track 3 */
READ= TRACK3 & TRACK1 & TRACK2
                                  /* all tracks must be read */
/* read logical fields as defined below; also check the security */
TRACK3 = MII, COUNTRY, ISSUERID, ACCOUNT, LUHNT3, EXPIRATION, SECURE
MII= FIELDSEPPOSO + 3, FIELDSEPPOSO + 4
ISSUERID= FIELDSEPPOS0 + 5, FIELDSEPPOS1 - 1
ACCOUNT= FIELDSEPPOS1 + 1, FIELDSEPPOS2 - 2
LUHNT3= FIELDSEPPOS2 - 1, FIELDSEPPOS2 - 1
              /* return track 2 complete, don't return logical fields*/
TRACK2= ALL
TRACK1= ALL
               /* return track 1 complete, don't return logical fields*/
```

All tracks must be read ('READ'), that is, the read fails if an error occurs on reading any one of the tracks (the '&' operand). The field "major industry identifier" ('MII') is located after the first field separator ('FIELDSEPPOS1') and its length is two bytes. The "issuer identifier" field ('ISSUERID') is located after the MII field, with a length of eight bytes. The next field, "account number" ('ACCOUNT') is variable length; it ends before the luhn digit field ('LUHNT3') that is the last digit in front of the second field separator ('FIELDSEPPOS2').

Example 2 Write a track:

[WRITETRACK3]
FIELDSEPT3= =
DEFAULT= ? /* fields not specified in the write form are to be left
unchanged, i.e. read and the same data written back to them */
WRITE= TRACK3
TRACK3= RETRYCOUNT, DATE
RETRYCOUNT= FIELDSEPPOS2 + 22, FIELDSEPPOS2 + 22
DATE= FIELDSEPPOS5 + 1, FIELDSEPPOS5 + 4

Track 3 is to be written. In the example only the retry counter and the date of the last transaction are updated, the other fields are unchanged.

A sample of input data to be used with this form is as follows:

RETRYCOUNT=3\0DATE=3132\0\0

Example 3 Write a track:

[WRITETRACK3ALL]
WRITE= TRACK3
TRACK3= ALL

Track 3 is to be written. By specifying ALL, the data passed in the WFS CMD IDC WRITE TRACK command is written to the physical track without formatting.

A sample of input data to be used with this form is as follows:

ALL=123456789123\0\0

Example 4 Reading tracks:

[READTRACK2ANDFRONTTRACK1]
READ= TRACK2&FRONTTRACK1 /* track 2 and front track 1 must be read */
TRACK2= ALL
FRONTTRACK1= ALL

Track 2 and Front track 1 are to be read by the WFS_CMD_IDC_READ_TRACK command. By specifying '&', reading is aborted if either track fails to read. By specifying 'ALL' the physical track is read to the output data without field level formatting.

A sample of output data produced with this form is as follows:

TRACK2:ALL=123456789123\0\0FRONTTRACK1:ALL=123456789123\0\0\0

8. C-Header file

```
/***************************
* xfsidc.h XFS - Identification card unit (IDC) definitions
              Version 3.20 (March 02 2011)
*****************************
#ifndef __INC_XFSIDC__H
#define __INC_XFSIDC__H
#ifdef __cplusplus
extern "C" {
#endif
#include <xfsapi.h>
/* be aware of alignment */
#pragma pack(push,1)
/* values of WFSIDCCAPS.wClass */
#define
            WFS SERVICE CLASS IDC
                                                    (2)
            WFS_SERVICE_CLASS_NAME_IDC
                                                    "IDC"
#define
#define
            WFS_SERVICE_CLASS_VERSION_IDC
                                                    (0x1403) /* Version 3.20 */
#define
           IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET
                                                    (WFS_SERVICE_CLASS_IDC * 100)
/* IDC Info Commands */
#define
           WFS_INF_IDC_STATUS
                                                   (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 1)
#define
           WFS_INF_IDC_CAPABILITIES
                                                  (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2)
#define WFS_INF_IDC_CAPABILITIES (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2)
#define WFS_INF_IDC_FORM_LIST (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3)
#define WFS_INF_IDC_QUERY_FORM (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4)
#define WFS_INF_IDC_QUERY_IFM_IDENTIFIER (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5)
/* IDC Execute Commands */
                                                  (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 1)
#define
#define WFS_CMD_IDC_READ_TRACK
#define WFS_CMD_IDC_WRITE_TRACK
#define WFS_CMD_IDC_EJECT_CARD
                                                    (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2)
                                                    (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3)
#define
           WFS_CMD_IDC_RETAIN_CARD
                                                   (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4)
#define
           WFS_CMD_IDC_RESET_COUNT
                                                   (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5)
#define
           WFS_CMD_IDC_SETKEY
                                                   (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6)
                                                   (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7)
#define
#define
            WFS_CMD_IDC_READ_RAW_DATA
           WFS_CMD_IDC_WRITE_RAW_DATA
                                                    (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8)
#define
           WFS_CMD_IDC_CHIP_IO
                                                   (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 9)
#define WFS_CMD_IDC_RESET
                                                    (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10)
#define WFS_CMD_IDC_CHIP_POWER
                                                    (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11)
#define WFS_CMD_IDC_PARSE_DATA (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12)
#define WFS_CMD_IDC_SET_GUIDANCE_LIGHT (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 13)
#define WFS_CMD_IDC_POWER_SAVE_CONTROL (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 14)
#define
           WFS CMD IDC PARK CARD
                                                    (IDC SERVICE OFFSET + 15)
/* IDC Messages */
             WFS_EXEE_IDC_INVALIDTRACKDATA
#define
                                                    (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 1)
#define
           WFS_EXEE_IDC_MEDIAINSERTED
                                                    (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3)
#define
           WFS_SRVE_IDC_MEDIAREMOVED
                                                    (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4)
#define
           WFS_SRVE_IDC_CARDACTION
                                                   (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5)
#define
#define
#define
            WFS_USRE_IDC_RETAINBINTHRESHOLD (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6)
            WFS_EXEE_IDC_INVALIDMEDIA
                                                    (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7)
           WFS_EXEE_IDC_MEDIARETAINED
                                                    (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8)
#define
           WFS_SRVE_IDC_MEDIADETECTED
                                                   (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 9)
           WFS_SRVE_IDC_RETAINBININSERTED (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10)
WFS_SRVE_IDC_RETAINBINREMOVED (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11)
#define
#define
            WFS_SRVE_IDC_RETAINBINREMOVED
#define
            WFS_EXEE_IDC_INSERTCARD
                                                    (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12)
```

```
#define
            WFS_SRVE_IDC_DEVICEPOSITION
                                                (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 13)
#define
           WFS_SRVE_IDC_POWER_SAVE_CHANGE
                                                (IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 14)
           WFS EXEE IDC TRACKDETECTED
#define
                                                (IDC SERVICE OFFSET + 15)
/* values of WFSIDCSTATUS.fwDevice */
#define
           WFS_IDC_DEVONLINE
                                                WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE
#define
           WFS_IDC_DEVOFFLINE
                                                WFS_STAT_DEVOFFLINE
#define
           WFS IDC DEVPOWEROFF
                                                WFS STAT DEVPOWEROFF
           WFS_IDC_DEVNODEVICE
#define
                                                WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE
#define
           WFS IDC DEVHWERROR
                                                WFS STAT DEVHWERROR
#define
          WFS_IDC_DEVUSERERROR
                                                WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR
#define
          WFS_IDC_DEVBUSY
                                                WFS_STAT_DEVBUSY
#define
           WFS_IDC_DEVFRAUDATTEMPT
                                                WFS STAT DEVFRAUDATTEMPT
#define
           WFS_IDC_DEVPOTENTIALFRAUD
                                                WFS_STAT_DEVPOTENTIALFRAUD
/* values of WFSIDCSTATUS.fwMedia, WFSIDCRETAINCARD.fwPosition,
/* WFSIDCCARDACT.wPosition, WFSIDCSTATUS.lpwParkingStationMedia */
           WFS_IDC_MEDIAPRESENT
#define
          WFS_IDC_MEDIANOTPRESENT
#define
                                                (2)
#define
          WFS_IDC_MEDIAJAMMED
                                                (3)
#define
          WFS_IDC_MEDIANOTSUPP
                                                (4)
#define
           WFS_IDC_MEDIAUNKNOWN
                                                (5)
#define
           WFS IDC MEDIAENTERING
                                                (6)
           WFS IDC MEDIALATCHED
#define
                                                (7)
/* values of WFSIDCSTATUS.fwRetainBin */
#define
           WFS_IDC_RETAINBINOK
                                                 (1)
#define
           WFS_IDC_RETAINNOTSUPP
                                                 (2)
#define WFS_IDC_RETAINNOTSUPP
#define WFS_IDC_RETAINBINFULL
#define WFS_IDC_RETAINBINHIGH
                                                (3)
                                                (4)
#define
          WFS_IDC_RETAINBINMISSING
                                                (5)
/* values of WFSIDCSTATUS.fwSecurity */
          WFS IDC SECNOTSUPP
#define
                                                (1)
#define
           WFS_IDC_SECNOTREADY
                                                (2)
#define
          WFS_IDC_SECOPEN
                                                (3)
/* values of WFSIDCSTATUS.fwChipPower */
#define
          WFS_IDC_CHIPONLINE
                                                (0)
#define
          WFS_IDC_CHIPPOWEREDOFF
                                                (1)
#define
          WFS_IDC_CHIPBUSY
                                                 (2)
           WFS_IDC_CHIPNODEVICE
#define
                                                (3)
           WFS_IDC_CHIPHWERROR
#define
                                                (4)
#define
          WFS_IDC_CHIPNOCARD
                                                (5)
#define WFS_IDC_CHIPNOTSUPP
                                                (6)
#define WFS_IDC_CHIPUNKNOWN
                                                 (7)
/* Size and max index of dwGuidLights array */
#define WFS_IDC_GUIDLIGHTS_SIZE
                                                 (32)
           WFS IDC GUIDLIGHTS MAX
#define
                                                (WFS IDC GUIDLIGHTS SIZE - 1)
/* Indices of WFSIDCSTATUS.dwGuidLights [...]
              WFSIDCCAPS.dwGuidLights [...]
           WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_CARDUNIT
                                                (0)
#define
/* Values of WFSIDCSTATUS.dwGuidLights [...]
            WFSIDCCAPS.dwGuidLights [...]
                                                (0x0000000)
#define
           WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE
#define
           WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_OFF
                                                (0 \times 0.0000001)
#define
           WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_ON
                                                (0x00000002)
#define
                                                (0x0000004)
           WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_SLOW_FLASH
                                                (0x00000008)
#define
           WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_MEDIUM_FLASH
           WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_QUICK_FLASH
#define
                                                (0\times00000010)
```

```
#define
            WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_CONTINUOUS
                                                        (0x00000080)
                                                         (0x0000100)
#define WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_RED
#define WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_GREEN
#define WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_YELLOW
#define WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_BLUE
#define WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_CYAN
                                                          (0x00000200)
                                                          (0x00000400)
                                                          (0\times00000800)
                                                        (0x00001000)
#define WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_MAGENTA #define WFS_IDC_GUIDANCE_WHITE
                                                        (0x00002000)
                                                          (0x00004000)
/* values of WFSIDCSTATUS.fwChipModule */
#define
            WFS_IDC_CHIPMODOK
                                                          (1)
#define
             WFS_IDC_CHIPMODINOP
                                                          (2)
#uerine
#define
            WFS_IDC_CHIPMODUNKNOWN
                                                          (3)
#define WFS_IDC_CHIPMODNOTSUPP
                                                          (4)
/* values of WFSIDCSTATUS.fwMagReadModule and
               WFSIDCSTATUS.fwMagWriteModule */
#define
            WFS IDC MAGMODOK
                                                          (1)
#define WFS_IDC_MAGMODINOP
#define WFS_IDC_MAGMODUNKNOWN
#define WFS_IDC_MAGMODNOTSUPP
                                                          (2)
                                                          (3)
                                                          (4)
/* values of WFSIDCSTATUS.fwFrontImageModule and
             WFSIDCSTATUS.fwBackImageModule */
#define WFS_IDC_IMGMODOK
                                                          (1)
#define WFS_IDC_IMGMODINOP
#define WFS_IDC_IMGMODUNKNOWN
#define WFS_IDC_IMGMODNOTSUPP
                                                          (2)
                                                          (3)
                                                          (4)
/* values of WFSIDCSTATUS.wDevicePosition
               WFSIDCDEVICEPOSITION.wPosition */
#define WFS_IDC_DEVICEINPOSITION
#define WFS_IDC_DEVICENOTINPOSITION
#define WFS_IDC_DEVICEPOSUNKNOWN
                                                          (0)
                                                          (1)
                                                          (2)
#define WFS_IDC_DEVICEPOSNOTSUPP
                                                          (3)
/* values of WFSIDCCAPS.fwType */
#define
            WFS_IDC_TYPEMOTOR
                                                          (1)
#define
            WFS_IDC_TYPESWIPE
                                                          (2)
#define WFS_IDC_TYPEDIP
#define WFS_IDC_TYPECONTACTLESS
#define WFS_IDC_TYPELATCHEDDIP
                                                          (3)
                                                          (4)
                                                          (5)
#define WFS_IDC_TYPEPERMANENT
                                                          (6)
/* values of WFSIDCCAPS.fwReadTracks,
                WFSIDCCAPS.fwWriteTracks,
                WFSIDCCARDDATA.wDataSource,
                WFSIDCCAPS.fwChipProtocols,
                WFSIDCCAPS.fwWriteMode,
                WFSIDCCAPS.fwChipPower */
                                                          0x0000
#define
              WFS_IDC_NOTSUPP
/* values of WFSIDCCAPS.fwReadTracks, WFSIDCCAPS.fwWriteTracks,
               WFSIDCCARDDATA.wDataSource,
               WFS_CMD_IDC_READ_RAW_DATA */
            WFS_IDC_TRACK1
#define
                                                          0×0001
#define WFS_IDC_TRACK2
                                                          0 \times 0002
#define
            WFS_IDC_TRACK3
                                                          0 \times 0004
#define
            WFS_IDC_FRONT_TRACK_1
                                                          0×0080
#define
             WFS_IDC_TRACK1_JIS1
WFS_IDC_TRACK3_JIS1
                                                          0 \times 0400
                                                          0x0800
```

```
/* further values of WFSIDCCARDDATA.wDataSource (except
   WFS_IDC_FLUXINACTIVE), WFS_CMD_IDC_READ_RAW_DATA */
#define
            WFS_IDC_CHIP
                                                  0 \times 0008
          WFS IDC SECURITY
#define
                                                  0×0010
#define
            WFS_IDC_FLUXINACTIVE
                                                  0 \times 0.020
#define
            WFS_IDC_TRACK_WM
                                                  0x8000
#define
            WFS IDC MEMORY CHIP
                                                  0×0040
          WFS_IDC_FRONTIMAGE
#define
                                                  0 \times 0100
#define WFS_IDC_FRONTIMAGE
                                                  0 \times 0200
#define
          WFS_IDC_DDI
                                                  0x4000
/* values of WFSIDCCAPS.fwChipProtocols */
#define
           WFS IDC CHIPTO
                                                  0×0001
          WFS_IDC_CHIPT1
#define
                                                  0 \times 0002
#define
          WFS_IDC_CHIP_PROTOCOL_NOT_REQUIRED 0x0004
#define
          WFS_IDC_CHIPTYPEA_PART3
                                                  0×0008
#define
            WFS_IDC_CHIPTYPEA_PART4
                                                  0 \times 0.010
          WFS_IDC_CHIPTYPEB
#define
                                                  0 \times 0.020
#define WFS_IDC_CHIPNFC
                                                  0 \times 0040
/* values of WFSIDCCAPS.fwSecType */
#define
            WFS IDC SECNOTSUPP
                                                  (1)
            WFS_IDC_SECMMBOX
#define
                                                  (2)
#define
            WFS_IDC_SECCIM86
                                                  (3)
/* values of WFSIDCCAPS.fwPowerOnOption, WFSIDCCAPS.fwPowerOffOption*/
#define
            WFS_IDC_NOACTION
                                                  (1)
#define
          WFS IDC EJECT
                                                  (2)
#define
          WFS_IDC_RETAIN
                                                  (3)
#define
           WFS_IDC_EJECTTHENRETAIN
                                                  (4)
#define
           WFS IDC READPOSITION
                                                  (5)
/* values of WFSIDCCAPS.fwWriteMode; WFSIDCWRITETRACK.fwWriteMethod,
WFSIDCCARDDATA.fwWriteMethod */
/* Note: WFS_IDC_UNKNOWN was removed as it was an invalid value */
#define
            WFS_IDC_LOCO
                                                  0x0002
#define
            WFS_IDC_HICO
                                                  0×0004
                                                  0x0008
#define
           WFS_IDC_AUTO
/* values of WFSIDCCAPS.fwChipPower */
#define
            WFS_IDC_CHIPPOWERCOLD
                                                  0 \times 0002
#define
            WFS_IDC_CHIPPOWERWARM
                                                  0 \times 0004
#define
            WFS_IDC_CHIPPOWEROFF
                                                  0x0008
/* values of WFSIDCCAPS.fwDIPMode */
#define
            WFS_IDC_DIP_UNKNOWN
                                                  0~0001
#define
           WFS IDC DIP EXIT
                                                  0 \times 0002
                                                  0x0004
#define
            WFS_IDC_DIP_ENTRY
#define
            WFS_IDC_DIP_ENTRY_EXIT
                                                  0x0008
/* values of WFSIDCCAPS. lpwMemoryChipProtocols */
#define
            WFS_IDC_MEM_SIEMENS4442
                                                  0 \times 0001
#define
            WFS_IDC_MEM_GPM896
                                                  0 \times 0002
/* values of WFSIDCFORM.fwAction */
            WFS_IDC_ACTIONREAD
                                                  0 \times 0001
#define
#define
           WFS_IDC_ACTIONWRITE
                                                  0 \times 0002
/* values of WFSIDCTRACKEVENT.fwStatus, WFSIDCCARDDATA.wStatus */
```

```
#define WFS_IDC_DATAOK
                                                     (0)
#define WFS_IDC_DATAMISSING
                                                     (1)
#define WFS_IDC_DATAINVALID
#define WFS_IDC_DATATOOLONG
#define WFS_IDC_DATATOOSHORT
#define WFS_IDC_DATASRCNOTSUPP
#define WFS_IDC_DATASRCMISSING
                                                     (2)
                                                     (3)
                                                     (4)
                                                     (5)
                                                     (6)
/* values WFSIDCCARDACT.wAction */
#define
           WFS IDC CARDRETAINED
                                                     (1)
#define WFS_IDC_CARDEJECTED
                                                     (2)
#define WFS_IDC_CARDREADPOSITION
                                                     (3)
#define
           WFS_IDC_CARDJAMMED
                                                     (4)
/* values of WFSIDCCARDDATA.lpbData if security is read */
#define
           WFS_IDC_SEC_READLEVEL1
                                                     111
#define WFS_IDC_SEC_READLEVEL2
#define WFS_IDC_SEC_READLEVEL3
#define WFS_IDC_SEC_READLEVEL4
#define WFS_IDC_SEC_READLEVEL5
                                                     '2'
                                                     131
                                                     ' 4 '
                                                     '5'
#define WFS_IDC_SEC_BADREADLEVEL
                                                     '6'
                                                     171
#define WFS_IDC_SEC_NODATA
#define WFS_IDC_SEC_DATAINVAL
#define WFS_IDC_SEC_HWERROR
#define WFS_IDC_SEC_NOINIT
                                                     181
                                                     191
                                                      'A'
/* values of WFSIDCIFMIDENTIFIER.wIFMAuthority */
#define WFS_IDC_IFMEMV
#define WFS_IDC_IFMEUROPAY
#define WFS_IDC_IFMVISA
                                                     (1)
                                                     (2)
                                                     (3)
#define WFS_IDC_IFMGIECB
                                                      (4)
/* values WFSIDCCAPS.fwEjectPosition, WFSIDCEJECTCARD.wEjectPosition */
             WFS IDC EXITPOSITION
#define
                                                     (0 \times 0.001)
#define
           WFS_IDC_TRANSPORTPOSITION
                                                     (0x0002)
/* values WFSIDCPARKCARD.wDirection */
#define
             WFS_IDC_PARK_IN
                                                     0×0001
#define
           WFS_IDC_PARK_OUT
                                                     0x0002
/* values of WFSIDCSTATUS.wAntiFraudModule */
#define
            WFS_IDC_AFMNOTSUPP
                                                     (0)
#define WFS_IDC_AFMOK
                                                     (1)
#define WFS_IDC_AFMINOP
                                                     (2)
#define
           WFS_IDC_AFMDEVICEDETECTED
                                                     (3)
#define
           WFS_IDC_AFMUNKNOWN
                                                     (4)
/* WOSA/XFS IDC Errors */
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_MEDIAJAM
                                                     (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 0))
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_NOMEDIA
                                                     (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 1))
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_MEDIARETAINED
                                                     (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2))
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_RETAINBINFULL
                                                     (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3))
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_INVALIDDATA
                                                     (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4))
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_INVALIDMEDIA
                                                    (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5))
                                                    (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6))
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_FORMNOTFOUND
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_FORMINVALID
                                                    (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7))
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_DATASYNTAX
                                                     (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8))
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_SHUTTERFAIL
                                                     (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 9))
                                                    (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10))
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_SECURITYFAIL
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_PROTOCOLNOTSUPP
                                                    (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11))
                                                    (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12))
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_ATRNOTOBTAINED
                                                     (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 13))
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_INVALIDKEY
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_WRITE_METHOD
                                                     (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 14))
```

```
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_CHIPPOWERNOTSUPP
                                              (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 15))
                                              (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 16))
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_CARDTOOSHORT
                                              (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 17))
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_CARDTOOLONG
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_INVALID_PORT
                                              (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 18))
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_POWERSAVETOOSHORT
                                              (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 19))
#define WFS ERR IDC POWERSAVEMEDIAPRESENT
                                              (-(IDC SERVICE OFFSET + 20))
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_CARDPRESENT
                                              (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 21))
#define WFS_ERR_IDC_POSITIONINVALID
                                              (-(IDC_SERVICE_OFFSET + 22))
/*========*/
/* IDC Info Command Structures and variables */
typedef struct _wfs_idc_status
   WORD
                            fwDevice;
   WORD
                            fwMedia;
   WORD
                            fwRetainBin;
   WORD
                            fwSecurity;
   USHORT
                            usCards;
                            fwChipPower;
   WORD
   LPSTR
                            lpszExtra;
   DWORD
                            dwGuidLights[WFS_IDC_GUIDLIGHTS_SIZE];
   MORD
                            fwChipModule;
   WORD
                            fwMaqReadModule;
   WORD
                            fwMagWriteModule;
   WORD
                            fwFrontImageModule;
                            fwBackImageModule;
   WORD
   WORD
                            wDevicePosition;
   USHORT
                            usPowerSaveRecoveryTime;
                            lpwParkingStationMedia;
   LPWORD
   WORD
                            wAntiFraudModule;
} WFSIDCSTATUS, *LPWFSIDCSTATUS;
typedef struct _wfs_idc_caps
    WORD
                            wClass;
   WORD
                            fwType;
   BOOL
                            bCompound;
   WORD
                            fwReadTracks;
   WORD
                            fwWriteTracks;
   WORD
                            fwChipProtocols;
   USHORT
                            usCards;
   WORD
                            fwSecType;
   WORD
                            fwPowerOnOption;
   WORD
                            fwPowerOffOption;
   BOOL
                            bFluxSensorProgrammable;
   BOOL
                            bReadWriteAccessFollowingEject;
   WORD
                            fwWriteMode;
   WORD
                            fwChipPower;
                            lpszExtra;
   LPSTR
   WORD
                            fwDIPMode;
   LPWORD
                            lpwMemoryChipProtocols;
   DWORD
                            dwGuidLights[WFS_IDC_GUIDLIGHTS_SIZE];
   WORD
                            fwEjectPosition;
   BOOL
                            bPowerSaveControl;
   USHORT
                            usParkingStations;
                            bAntiFraudModule;
} WFSIDCCAPS, *LPWFSIDCCAPS;
typedef struct _wfs_idc_form
   LPSTR
                            lpszFormName;
   CHAR
                            cFieldSeparatorTrack1;
   CHAR
                            cFieldSeparatorTrack2;
   CHAR
                            cFieldSeparatorTrack3;
   WORD
                            fwAction;
   LPSTR
                            lpszTracks;
   BOOL
                            bSecure;
   LPSTR
                            lpszTrack1Fields;
```

```
LPSTR
                           lpszTrack2Fields;
                           lpszTrack3Fields;
   LPSTR
   LPSTR
                           lpszFrontTrack1Fields;
   CHAR
                           cFieldSeparatorFrontTrack1;
   LPSTR
                           lpszJIS1Track1Fields;
   LPSTR
                           lpszJIS1Track3Fields;
   CHAR
                           cFieldSeparatorJIS1Track1;
   CHAR
                           cFieldSeparatorJIS1Track3;
} WFSIDCFORM, *LPWFSIDCFORM;
typedef struct _wfs_idc_ifm_identifier
   WORD
                           wIFMAuthority;
   LPSTR
                           lpszIFMIdentifier;
} WFSIDCIFMIDENTIFIER, *LPWFSIDCIFMIDENTIFIER;
/*----*/
/* IDC Execute Command Structures */
/*_____*/
typedef struct _wfs_idc_write_track
   LPSTR
                           lpstrFormName;
   LPSTR
                           lpstrTrackData;
   WORD
                           fwWriteMethod;
} WFSIDCWRITETRACK, *LPWFSIDCWRITETRACK;
typedef struct _wfs_idc_retain_card
   USHORT
                           usCount;
   WORD
                           fwPosition;
} WFSIDCRETAINCARD, *LPWFSIDCRETAINCARD;
typedef struct _wfs_idc_setkey
   USHORT
                           usKevLen;
   LPBYTE
                           lpbKeyValue;
} WFSIDCSETKEY, *LPWFSIDCSETKEY;
typedef struct _wfs_idc_card_data
   WORD
                           wDataSource;
   WORD
                           wStatus;
   ULONG
                           ulDataLength;
   LPBYTE
                           lpbData;
   WORD
                           fwWriteMethod;
} WFSIDCCARDDATA, *LPWFSIDCCARDDATA;
typedef struct _wfs_idc_chip_io
   WORD
                           wChipProtocol;
   ULONG
                           ulChipDataLength;
   LPBYTE
                           lpbChipData;
} WFSIDCCHIPIO, *LPWFSIDCCHIPIO;
typedef struct _wfs_idc_chip_power_out
   ULONG
                           ulChipDataLength;
   LPBYTE
                           lpbChipData;
} WFSIDCCHIPPOWEROUT, *LPWFSIDCCHIPPOWEROUT;
typedef struct _wfs_idc_parse_data
                           lpstrFormName;
   LPWFSIDCCARDDATA
                           *lppCardData;
} WFSIDCPARSEDATA, *LPWFSIDCPARSEDATA;
typedef struct _wfs_idc_set_guidlight
   WORD
                           wGuidLight;
```

```
DWORD
                         dwCommand;
} WFSIDCSETGUIDLIGHT, *LPWFSIDCSETGUIDLIGHT;
typedef struct _wfs_idc_eject_card
   WORD
                         wEjectPosition;
} WFSIDCEJECTCARD, *LPWFSIDCEJECTCARD;
typedef struct _wfs_idc_power_save_control
                         usMaxPowerSaveRecovervTime;
} WFSIDCPOWERSAVECONTROL, *LPWFSIDCPOWERSAVECONTROL;
typedef struct _wfs_idc_park_card
   MORD
                         wDirection;
   USHORT
                         usParkingStation;
} WFSIDCPARKCARD, *LPWFSIDCPARKCARD;
/*-----*/
/* IDC Message Structures */
typedef struct _wfs_idc_track_event
   WORD
                          fwStatus;
   LPSTR
                          lpstrTrack;
   LPSTR
                         lpstrData;
} WFSIDCTRACKEVENT, *LPWFSIDCTRACKEVENT;
typedef struct _wfs_idc_card_act
   WORD
                          wPosition;
} WFSIDCCARDACT, *LPWFSIDCCARDACT;
typedef struct _wfs_idc_device_position
   WORD
                         wPosition;
} WFSIDCDEVICEPOSITION, *LPWFSIDCDEVICEPOSITION;
typedef struct _wfs_idc_power_save_change
                         usPowerSaveRecoveryTime;
} WFSIDCPOWERSAVECHANGE, *LPWFSIDCPOWERSAVECHANGE;
typedef struct _wfs_idc_track_detected
                         fwTracks;
} WFSIDCTRACKDETECTED, *LPWFSIDCTRACKDETECTED;
/* restore alignment
#pragma pack(pop)
#ifdef __cplusplus
      /*extern "C"*/
#endif
#endif /* __INC_XFSIDC__H */
```